





## Kiama Municipal Council

# Minnamurra Waste Disposal Depot Annual Groundwater & Surface Water Monitoring Report – 2011 to 2012

Report E2W-059 (R001a)

26 November 2012



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## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1.	INTRODUCTION	4
1.1 1.2	Background Objectives	
2.	SCOPE OF WORK	4
3.	ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING	6
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5	Climate Topography Geology Hydrogeology and Groundwater Flow Regime Hydrology	6 7 7 
4.	LICENCE CRITERIA AND RELEVANT GUIDELINES	
4.1 4.2	EPL Requirements Previous Monitoring Results	
4.2 5.	ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING	
5.1	Landfill Gas Monitoring	
5.2	Surface and Groundwater Monitoring Locations	
6.	MONITORING RESULTS	14
6.1	Groundwater Data6.1.2Groundwater Depth6.1.2Field Parameters6.1.3Nutrients (groundwater)6.1.5Ammonia Trends6.1.4Hydrogeochemical Indicators6.1.5Inorganic Contaminants (Iron, Manganese and Fluoride)6.1.6Organic Contaminants (DOC, TOC and Phenols- Groundwater)	
6.2	Surface Water	20
	<ul> <li>6.2.1 Physical Parameters</li> <li>6.2.2 Nutrients (surface water)</li> <li>6.2.3 Organic Contaminants (DOC and Phenols)</li> </ul>	
7.	CHEMICALS OF CONCERN AND CONTAMINANT PLUMES	22
7.1	Ecological Issues	23
8.	CONCLUSIONS	
8.1	Recommendations	
9.	LIMITATIONS	28
10.	REFERENCES	28



## TABLES

Table 5.3: Groundwater and Surface Water Monitoring (2011/12) Table GW-1: Summary Analytical Report - Groundwater (2011/12) Table SW-1: Summary Analytical Report - Surface Water (2011/12) Table SW-2: Rocklow Creek - Historical Ammonia Concentrations (mg/L, 1999 to 2012)

### GRAPHS

Graph-1: Groundwater Ammonia Concentrations (mg/L) All Wells (1999 to 2012)

Graph-2: Deep Groundwater Ammonia Trends (1999 to 2012)

Graph-3: Shallow Groundwater Ammonia Trends (1999 to 2012)

Graph-4: Net Increments of Ammonia Between Up and Mid/Down Stream Samples (1999 to 2012)

### FIGURES

Figure 1: Site Location Figure 2: Well Locations and Maximum Ammonia Concentrations (mg/L)

### APPENDICES

Appendix A: Ecowise/ALS Environmental Pty Ltd Laboratory Certificates Appendix B: Figure 7 from E2W Landfill Closure Plan Appendix C: Landfill Gas Monitoring (KMC, November 2012) & Figure 1



## 1. INTRODUCTION

Earth2Water Pty Ltd (E2W) was engaged by Kiama Municipal Council (KMC) to provide the 2011 to 2012 annual surface and groundwater monitoring report for the Minnamurra Waste Disposal Depot (MWDD).

This report is based on information provided in field and laboratory reports provided by ALS Environmental Pty Ltd (formerly Ecowise) and previous monitoring reports by E2W (2004 - 2011), Eco-engineers Pty Ltd and Forbes Rigby Pty Ltd (pre 2004).

This monitoring report for the MWDD is based on quarterly monitoring results (2 November 2011, 2 February 2012, 30 May 2012, 9 August 2012) and NSW EPA Environmental Protection Licence (EPL) conditions (R1.10). Additional water sampling was conducted at selected locations (MD9B, MD9C, MD10B, Rocklow-Middle 5 August 2011) to verify the elevated ammonia concentrations reported in May 2011. E2W completed the landfill closure plan (LCP in October 2005) and construction quality assurance (April 2008) for the landfill rehabilitation works completed by KMC in January 2008.

## 1.1 Background

KMC has owned and operated the MWDD from the 1960's until its closure in October 2006. The MWDD operated as a Solid Waste Class 1 Landfill under the EPL No. 5958. The MWDD formerly comprised a night soil depot for liquid pump out sullage, which ceased in 1998. The existing licence and amendments required the submission of a Landfill Closure Plan (LCP), which was completed by E2W in October 2005.

As of November 2012, Minnamurra Landfill will be accepting mixed food and garden organics (i.e. food waste trial), together with small loads of recyclable materials. All general waste materials are diverted to the waste facility at Shellharbour (Dunmore Waste Disposal Depot).

### 1.2 Objectives

The objective of surface and groundwater monitoring in the 2011 to 2012 reporting period was to assess actual or potential impacts associated with the MWDD on the surrounding aquatic environment. Gas monitoring is undertaken by KMC to measure the performance of landfill rehabilitation works.

The objective of this annual report it to provide KMC and the DECCW with a summary of the monitoring results obtained in the 2011-2012 reporting period (i.e. EPL 5958 conditions).

## 2. SCOPE OF WORK

E2W was commissioned by KMC to collate and assess surface and groundwater monitoring data provided by ALS (Ecowise) during 2011 and 2012. The annual reporting period covers four



quarterly monitoring events in November 2011, February 2012, May 2012 and August 2012 (Figures 1 & 2). E2W note that four locations (MD9B, MD9C, MD10B, Rocklow-Middle) were re-sampled on the 5 August 2011 to verify the elevated ammonia concentrations (& increasing trends) at the site.

Each monitoring event comprised the following:

- Sampling of onsite and offsite groundwater wells MD2B, MD2C, MD4B, MD4C, MD6B, MD6C, MD9B, MD9C, and MD10B<sup>1</sup>.
- Sampling of surface water at three locations along Rocklow Creek (Rocklow-Up, Rocklow-Middle and Rocklow-Down<sup>2</sup>).

Landfill gas monitoring was conducted by KMC (G.Hardy) at gas monitoring wells, biofilter pads and inside buildings. Monitoring was conducted using a calibrated landfill gas meter (GT402).

E2W undertook the following scope of work to satisfy KMC's surface and groundwater monitoring program at MWDD:

- Provide advice to KMC (in relation to monitoring results- as required).
- Prepare this annual report for monitoring period (November 2011 to August 2012) and comply with Section R1.10 of the EPL (No. 5958). The annual report is to include the following:
  - 1. Tabulation of the monitoring data obtained for the period.
  - 2. Graphical representation of the current and previous monitoring data (minimum last three years). Statistically significant variations or anomalies will be highlighted.
  - 3. Analyses and interpretation of monitoring data.
  - 4. Analyses and response to any complaints received.
  - 5. Identification of any deficiencies in the environmental performance of the MWDD, as highlighted by the monitoring data, trends and/or accidents.
  - 6. Recommendations to address the above identified deficiencies.
  - 7. Recommendations on improving the overall environmental performance of the facility.

Rehabilitation of the landfill commenced in August 2006 and was completed by KMC in January 2008. The work included reshaping, cut/fill of waste materials and capping with clays and soil/compost mix (i.e. evapotranspiration layer). The rehabilitation works may have temporarily degraded the runoff and shallow groundwater (2007) due to exposure and leaching of buried putrescible waste which was redistributed during the reshaping.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MD1B no access, shallow wells MD4A dry during reporting period, MD2A, MD6A, MD9A, MD10A not enough water for sampling.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> No sample from Rocklow-down due to access restrictions



#### 3. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

The Minnamurra Waste Disposal and Recycling Depot (MWDD) is located 1 km north of the Minnamurra township (Figures 1 and 2). The site is located within a swamp environment, bounded to the west by the rail line and Riverside Drive (formerly a part of the Princes Highway), and to the north and east by the confluence of Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River. The site is approximately 1 km west of Mystics (Minnamurra) Beach (Figure 1).

The MWDD covers an area of approximately 50 acres (~20 ha), while the landfill mound occupies approximately 6 ha. At present, the MWDD comprises the following features:

- An elevated landfill mound (capped) ranging from 1 to 14 m AHD. The landfill mound was rehabilitated in 2006/2007 according to the LCP submitted by E2W in October 2005,
- A weighbridge and administration office/toilet block,
- KMC truck parking area,
- KMC storage sheds,
- Dog impounding facility,
- Green waste/composting,
- Waste/recycling recieval/transfer station.

### 3.1 Climate

The long-term mean and median rainfall values available for the Kiama Bowling Club (Latitude 344033 N and Longitude 1055103E) between 1897 and 2001 indicate that average yearly rainfall at the MWDD is 1261 mm/year. On average, the MWDD would receive approximately 1220 mm, based on rainfall records obtained from Shellharbour and Albion Park (Forbes Rigby, 1996).

The annual rainfall from August 2011 to July 2012 was 1282.8 mm, which is slightly lower than the previous monitoring period  $(1308.0 \text{ mm}, \text{August 2010 to July 2011})^3$ , and are both moderately higher than the 2009-2010 monitoring period (1054.4 mm). The higher rainfall in the past two years is interpreted to influence the ammonia levels at the site.

### 3.2 Topography

A plan of the existing site topography and surrounds is presented in Figure 1. The site is located within mangrove tidal flats, an estuarine environment associated with Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River (Figure 7 of Appendix B).

Local relief is less than 3 m AHD around the footprint of the landfill (except southern wall), with slopes generally less than 5%. The landfill forms a mound, which reaches a maximum of 14 m AHD above the surrounding low-lying ground surface (approximately 1 m AHD).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Note: data from Kiama (Bombo Headland) (Station ID 068242), ~4.5 km SSE of MWDD.



The RL of the landfill footprint area ranges from approximately 0.6 m AHD (north-east corner) to 5.2 m AHD (southern wall). On the western side of Riverside Drive the land rises rapidly to a small east and north-east facing ridge where Dunmore House is situated (Figures 1 and 2).

### 3.3 Geology

The site is located within Quaternary alluvial sediments comprising sands and silts. Based on drilling investigations undertaken by Forbes Rigby in 1996 and recent investigations at the site by KMC and E2W in 2005, the geology is dominated by fine to medium sandy sediments with minimal sandy silt and sandy clays. In most places, the sand is overlain by a 0.5 m thick organic silty loam.

Drill cores by the Geological Survey of NSW in the Rocklow Creek valley predominantly consist of poorly to well-sorted very fine to medium-grained quartz lithic sands. Sand deposits typically extend to a maximum depth of 14 m, with increasing clay content below about 7 m (Forbes Rigby, 1996).

#### 3.4 Hydrogeology and Groundwater Flow Regime

The hydrogeology at the site is dominated by a semi-confined sandy aquifer. Groundwater is encountered at depths of approx 1 m below natural ground level ( $\sim 0.5$  m AHD) along the west, north and east sides of the landfill mound. The depth to water along the southern wall is not well known.

The groundwater quality at the site varies from fresh to saline, with electrical conductivity ranging from 0.85 to 44.6 mS/cm (E2W, October 2005). Groundwater generally becomes more saline in the vicinity of mangroves and tidal saline water bodies (i.e. Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River).

Recharge to the aquifer system beneath and surrounding the waste disposal facility occurs from rainfall infiltration mainly outside of the capped landfill mound. Infiltration of rainfall is moderate ( $\sim$ 30%) around the footprint area, due to the low elevation and leakage through the organic silt layer.

Groundwater gradients in the area of the waste mound are controlled by topography, permeable sands and the nearby tidal water bodies (Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River). The predominant groundwater flow direction at the site is considered to be north-east and towards the confluence of Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River. The hydraulic gradient is likely to be variable, depending on the tidal regime and proximity to the river. It is interpreted that the groundwater gradient is at a maximum during low tide ( $\sim 0.02$ ), and potentially reverses at high tide.

Groundwater discharge at Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River is influenced by the presence of a fresh groundwater/salt water interface. The interface results from the density difference between groundwater and seawater. It is a dynamic and complex region with upward hydraulic



gradients, tidal fluctuations, microbiological processes, surface and groundwater interaction and salinity variations. The groundwater/salt water interface is generally associated with natural attenuation processes (biodegradation, dilution, sorption etc.), which tend to reduce levels of contaminants prior to discharge to marine ecosystems. The groundwater salt water interface is interpreted to exist at the boundary of the casuarinas and mangroves at the site.

The contamination of deep and shallow groundwater arises from nutrient enrichment at the MWDD and has been reported on in previous annual monitoring reports by Ecoengineers Pty Ltd (2004) and E2W (2005, 2006 and 2007).

The leachate plume originating from the MWDD is likely to persist for years after landfill remediation due to the age (1960s) of the waste mound. Improvements in groundwater quality is expected over the short to medium term (up to  $\sim 10$  years) reflecting the rate of groundwater flushing effects from rainfall recharge.

## 3.5 Hydrology

The hydrology of the area is dominated by Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River. Groundwater discharge, with possible leachate from both the Minnamurra and Shellharbour landfills, may be contributing to the nutrients detected in Rocklow Creek (Figure 1).

The Minnamurra River drains a catchment of approximately 142 km<sup>2</sup>. Seventy percent of the catchment is natural, mainly located on the steeper slopes of the Illawarra escarpment. The middle section of the catchment is characterised by a broad floodplain area called Terragong Swamp. This area, which comprises approximately 30% of the catchment, is used extensively for cattle grazing/dairying. The township of Jamberoo is located within this catchment. It can be expected that the Terragong Swamp farming area and Jamberoo itself are significant sources of nutrients and pollutants entering the river.

The entrance of Minnamurra River is permanently open, and the estuary is tidally influenced. The estuarine portion of the river extends approximately 7 km upstream from the mouth and has the suburb of Minnamurra on its western bank. The lower section of the river is an ecologically significant aquatic environment, comprising areas of seagrass, mangrove and salt marsh communities (Forbes Rigby, 1996).

Rocklow Creek catchment has an area of 23 km<sup>2</sup> and occupies the northern most portion of the Minnamurra River catchment. Rocklow Creek flows into the main arm of the Minnamurra River downstream of the MWDD, approximately 2 km upstream of the river entrance. Potential upgradient sources of contamination may include the Shellharbour landfill, Princes Highway, Riverside Drive and nearby sand mining operations.

Water samples from Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River have been collected by the DECCW in 1991 and 2005 (Denis Pascall, August 2005), as part of a water quality and landfill impact assessment for the area (Forbes Rigby, 1996).

The following opinions were offered as a result of DECCW's sampling work:

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- Concentrations of most indicators (except dissolved oxygen) are considerably higher in Rocklow Creek than in Minnamurra River; and
- Concentration of nutrients (ammonia) measured at several locations along Rocklow Creek indicate that Shellharbour and Minnamurra landfills may be contributing leachate into the marine environment.

One upstream and one downstream Rocklow Creek location are sampled as part of the quarterly MWDD water quality monitoring program. Since 2009, a third location midstream of the creek has also been sampled. Access to the downstream location has been restricted due to mangrove growth along the track (no sample for past year). Sampling is undertaken by Ecowise (now ALS).

## 4. LICENCE CRITERIA AND RELEVANT GUIDELINES

Under the NSW EPA requirements for Licence No. 5958, the criteria for surface and groundwater quality are based on the ANZECC (2000) *Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality*.

The ANZECC guidelines include risk-based trigger levels and indicative interim working levels (IIWLs). The IIWLs are used when insufficient data is available to calculate a trigger level and are of low reliability. It should be noted that the ANZECC water quality guidelines are applicable to receiving water and not groundwater. However, they form an appropriate basis for undertaking a screening level assessment of groundwater quality. Selection of the applicable guideline values are based on an assessment of potential pathways by which human or environmental exposure might take place, as well as the beneficial end use of the groundwater.

The beneficial use classification for groundwater at the site depends on the quality of the water and its potential use in the long term. Although groundwater in the shallow aquifer surrounding (upgradient) the waste disposal facility is likely to be of relatively good quality (depending on the presence of saline intrusions), there are no known groundwater extraction bores (agricultural or domestic) within the immediate vicinity of the site. Therefore, the appropriate beneficial use category of the groundwater is considered to be for the protection of aquatic marine and fresh water ecosystems in discharge zones at Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River, the closest aquatic environmental receptors for the site.

The adopted groundwater assessment guidelines are presented with the summary analytical results (i.e. Tables GW-1, SW-1). Exceedances of the ANZECC (2000) trigger values for marine water ecosystems have been highlighted on the tables.

### 4.1 EPL Requirements

The Environmental Protection Licence (EPL No. 5958) details 17 monitoring points for the MWDD (two for landfill gas and fifteen for groundwater monitoring). The landfill gas monitoring points are required to be analysed for methane every 6 months (i.e. twice in the



reporting period). Landfill gas monitoring was conducted on a quarterly basis by KMC (Appendix C) at gas wells and trenches, however annually for inside buildings.

The frequency of testing of the groundwater monitoring points (MD1B<sup>4</sup>, MD2A, MD2B, MD2C, MD4A, MD4B, MD4C, MD6A, MD6B, MD6C, MD9A, MD9B, MD9C, MD10A, MD10B) is also half yearly. However, groundwater monitoring is generally undertaken on quarterly basis (November 2011, February, May and August 2012 of each reporting period) to establish water quality trends post landfill rehabilitation works.

Some of the groundwater monitoring locations (i.e. MD2A, MD4A, MD6A, MD9A and MD10A) have not been sampled in the monitoring program (i.e. shallow wells have been dry or not enough water for sampling). Other available wells onsite including MD3B, MD3C, MD7, MD5A/B/C and MD8 however are not part of the EPL (previously tested prior to landfill closure for characterising the local groundwater).

Table 4.1 (below) lists the analytes that are included in the groundwater testing suite.

Alkalinity (as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	Dissolved Oxygen	Nitrate	Temperature
Ammonia	Fluoride	Potassium	Total Phenolics
Calcium	Iron	Sodium	Total Organic Carbon
Chloride	Magnesium	Standing Water Level	pН
Conductivity	Manganese	Sulphate	

#### Table 4.1: Half yearly groundwater analytical suite (as per the EPL) Image: Comparison of the text of the text of the text of tex of text of tex

Surface water monitoring is not a requirement of the EPL, however is undertaken quarterly by KMC in conjunction with groundwater monitoring. Surface water samples are collected and analysed from an up-gradient (Rocklow-Up), mid-gradient (Rocklow-Middle) and down-gradient location (Rocklow-Down, Figure 2). The mid sample location was included to assess the performance of the landfill rehabilitation works and requirement for a bund wall around the landfill (i.e. access to the upstream location is impeded due to the thick vegetation).

### 4.2 Previous Monitoring Results

The previous annual monitoring reports have been provided by E2W, Ecoengineers and Forbes Rigby. Groundwater ammonia results presented in these earlier reports are included in graphical form and attached in this report (Graph-1, Graph-2 and Graph-3).

Ammonia is a key landfill leachate indicator based on the results obtained from monitoring wells placed around the MWDD. Landfill leachate has impacted the local groundwater system, with potential or actual impact to Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River (Appendix B, Figure 7).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> No access available to MD-1B



### 5. ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

Prior to May 2005, surface and groundwater monitoring was undertaken by KMC. Ecowise were (since August 2005) engaged to sample and analyse the surface and groundwater monitoring points as per the EPL and performed the November 2009 sampling round. Ecowise were acquired by ALS in November 2009, who carried out the subsequent surface and groundwater sampling in the reporting period (2009-2010, 2010-2011 and 2011-2012). Quarterly sampling in the 2011 to 2012 reporting period was undertaken on the following dates:

- 2 November 2011,
- 2 February 2012,
- 30 May 2012; and
- 9 August 2012.

The procedure for sample collection, storage and handling employed by KMC and Ecowise/ALS are generally in accordance with NEPM (1999) and ANZECC (2000).

The following subsections outline the nature of the site's monitoring and analytical program, as well as conditions at the time of sample collection (from information provided by KMC).

#### 5.1 Landfill Gas Monitoring

The landfill gas testing locations (areas where intermediate or final cover has been placed and inside all buildings within 250 m of the deposited waste) were tested by KMC (February 2012, April 2012, July 2012 and October 2012) during the 2011/12 reporting period (Appendix C).

Six onsite landfill gas wells (Gas 1 to Gas 6) were installed by E2W on 2 August 2006 and gas monitoring has been performed since then as part of the landfill rehabilitation work. Landfill gas monitoring is a requirement of the EPL, but only relates to onsite buildings/sheds and the waste mound (over the capped area).

Two gas monitoring wells (i.e. Gas 5 and Gas 6) have not been monitored since November 2009 as they are located at the same location as Trench 1 (i.e. alternative gas test location, Refer to Figure 1 in Appendix C).

Monitoring data (2012) from the trenches (biofilter pads, Trench 1 to Trench 7) and gas monitoring wells (Gas 1 to Gas 3, Gas 4) showed similar concentrations to 2010/11. Methane gas readings were consistent at each sampling event through the monitoring period. The maximum methane gas reading was 890 ppm at Trench 4 (February 2012). The lowest was 100 ppm at Trench 3 (April 2012). The highest readings at each sampling event were recorded at either Trench 4 or Trench 7. Buildings were sampled for landfill gas in October 2012, with all location recording no methane gas readings (non-detectable).

E2W interpret that landfill gas is unlikely to be present in the buildings due to the previous results, no change to the landfill and nature of onsite buildings (well vented or air conditioned office).

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#### 5.2 Surface and Groundwater Monitoring Locations

Groundwater monitoring was undertaken from up to 9 existing groundwater wells (shallow, intermediate and deep) located on the landfill mound perimeter and surface water monitoring at two locations along Rocklow Creek (up, middle and down-gradient of the landfill mound, whilst no access possible to Rocklow-down during 2011-12). Monitoring locations are shown on Figure 2.

The wells and surface water locations sampled in the 2011 and 2012 reporting period are outlined below:

- 2 November 2011. Groundwater wells: MD2B, MD2C, MD4B, MD4C, MD6B, MD6C, MD9B, MD9C, MD10B, Surface water: Rocklow-Up, Rocklow-Middle,
- 2 February 2012. Groundwater wells: MD2B, MD2C, MD4B, MD4C, MD6B, MD6C, MD9B, MD9C, MD10B, Surface water: Rocklow-Up, Rocklow-Middle,
- 30 May 2012. Groundwater wells: MD2B, MD2C, MD4B, MD4C, MD6B, MD6C, MD9B, MD9C, MD10B, Surface water: Rocklow-Up, Rocklow-Middle,
- 9 August 2012. Groundwater wells: MD2B, MD2C, MD4B, MD4C, MD6B, MD6C, MD9B, MD9C, MD10B, Surface water: Rocklow-Up, Rocklow-Middle

Wells that were "not" tested in the 2011 and 2012 reporting period, but are part of the EPL include;

- MD1B. No access in all 4 rounds (November 2011, February 2012, May 2012, and August 2012)
- MD4A. Dry shallow well in 4 rounds.
- MD2A, MD6A, MD9A, MD10A. Not enough water for sampling.

It is noted that most shallow wells have been dry at time of sampling. One well has been damaged and requires (i.e. MD4A).

The nature of saline water stratification within the local groundwater system and well network is presented in Table 5.2.1 (below) and Appendix B (Figure 7).

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Well ID	Salinity (EC, µS/cm)	Comment
MD1B	850	Fresh- water 10 m away is saline
MD2A	25,200	surface water from high tide
MD2B	29,100	saline groundwater
MD2C	44,600	saline groundwater
MD4A	NA	Damaged well (shallow/dry)
MD4B	15,300	saline groundwater
MD4C	33,100	saline groundwater
MD6A	11,100	surface water from high tide
MD6B	2,221	fresh - brackish groundwater
MD6C	27,400	saline groundwater
MD9A	3,375	fresh - brackish groundwater
MD9B	3,207	fresh - brackish groundwater
MD9C	3,600	fresh - brackish groundwater
MD10A	40,900	saline groundwater
MD10B	2,797	fresh - brackish groundwater

Table 5.2.1: Summary of Groundwater Quality Changes with Depth

Note: Electrical Conductivity data is from sampling by E2W on 29 June 2005. Well suffix 'A' and 'B' = shallow well screen (less than 3 m into water table). Well suffix 'C' = well screen greater than 3 m below water table (refer to Figure 7 in Appendix B).

Several of the groundwater wells (MD4A/B/C, MD6A/B/C etc.) comprise nested wells, which target various depths within the coastal sand aquifer. The sampling frequency and depth of the groundwater samples are presented in Table 5.2.2 (below).

Sample ID	Screen Interval (m AHD) - or Sample Location	Nov 2011	Feb 2012	May 2012	Aug 2012
(MD1A)	0.5 to -0.5				
MD1B	-4.7 to -5.7	No Access	No Access	No Access	No Access
MD2A	0.525 to -0.475	Dry	Dry	Dry	#
MD2B	-2.93 to -3.93	X	Х	Х	Х
MD2C	-5.2 to -6.2	X	Х	Х	Х
(MD3B)	-3.22 to -4.22*				
(MD3C)	-5.55 to -6.55*				
MD4A	1.2 to 0.2	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry
MD4B	-3.22 to -4.22	X	X	X	X
MD4C	-5.55 to -6.55	X	Х	Х	Х
MD6A	0.71 to -0.30	Dry	Dry	Dry	#
MD6B	-1.05 to -2.05	X	X	X	Х
MD6C	-8.8 to -9.8	X	Х	Х	Х
(MD7)	0.5 to -0.5 *				
(MD8)	0.5 to -0.5*				
MD9A	0.58 to -0.42	Dry	Dry	Dry	#

 Table 5.2.2: Monitoring Summary for the 2011 to 2012 Reporting Period



Environmental & Groundwater Consulting

					ABR 64 100 839 23
MD9B	-2.3 to -3.3	Х	Х	Х	Х
MD9C	-4.75 to -5.75	Х	Х	Х	Х
MD10A	0.68 to -0.32	Dry	Dry	Dry	#
MD10B	-2.85 to -3.85	Х	Х	Х	Х
Rocklow-Up	Upstream of landfill	Х	Х	Х	Х
Rocklow- Middle	Midstream of landfill	Х	Х	Х	Х
Rocklow- Down	Downstream and opposite landfill	No access	No access	No access	No access

*Note:* \*= *to be confirmed (logs not available). X* = *Sample collected.* 

(MD7), well in brackets = well is not an EPL requirement. Blank space = not sampled. # = Not enough water for sampling

The groundwater monitoring wells and sampling depths for each event are summarised in Table 5.2 (above) and Table 5.3 (rear of report). The sampling labels for the nested wells ('A' to 'C') are attached to each of the depths associated with these wells (e.g. MD1A, MD1B, MD1C).

## 6. MONITORING RESULTS

All surface and groundwater analytical results for the 2011/12 reporting period are presented in Tables GW-1, and SW-1, SW-2, and SW-3. The ALS field records and laboratory reports are presented in Appendix A.

A summary of all groundwater monitoring data (1999 to 2012) for ammonia (mg/L) is presented in Graph-1, Graph-2 and Graph-3. The graphs highlight ammonia groundwater quality trends over the past  $\sim$  13 years (January 1999 to August 2012). Ammonia is considered to be a key landfill leachate indicator for the site.

A summary of previous ammonia surface water results for Rocklow Creek is presented in Table SW-2. Ammonia is considered as the key landfill leachate indicator in surface waters in and around landfill sites, however other sources of ammonia exist in the same catchment (i.e. fertiliser use in paddocks and Dunmore landfill).

### 6.1 Groundwater Data

Groundwater for the 2011/12 reporting period was collected from a network of seventeen monitoring wells (mostly downgradient locations) at the MWDD (Figure 2). The results of the groundwater testing are summarised in Table GW-1, Graphs-1 to 3, Figure 2 and in the following subsections.

### 6.1.2 Groundwater Depth

The depth to groundwater was measured prior to each sampling event using a water level probe. Depth to the groundwater below top of casing and relative to a common reference (i.e. Australian Height Datum, m AHD) is presented in Table GW-1. The inferred groundwater flow direction



for the site is presented in Figure 2. The groundwater flow direction and gradients would be influenced by tides.

The groundwater levels recorded from the 2011/12 reporting period are similar to previous years and reflect changes in rainfall and tide levels.

The reduced groundwater levels (m AHD) from the ten wells sampled in  $2011/12^5$  indicate a relatively low water table elevation (<1.5 m AHD), which is characteristic of the swamp/estuarine environment. The annual rainfall from August 2011 to July 2012 was 1282.8 mm (Bombo Headland), which was slightly lower than the previous monitoring period (1308.0 mm, August 2010 to July 2011)<sup>6</sup>.

Recharge to the aquifer system beneath and surrounding the waste disposal facility mainly occurs from rainfall infiltration and storm water runoff around the footprint. Some minor recharge may be occurring through the landfill mound (<5% of annual rainfall). It is likely infiltration of rainfall is moderate-high around the footprint area (uncapped areas) due to the low elevation and accumulated run-off from the batter slopes and spillways.

### 6.1.2 Field Parameters

The field parameters measured during groundwater sampling are indicative only, due to the low purge volumes and dominant reduced/anaerobic condition of the groundwater (Table GW-1).

Insitu measurements (within borehole) are likely to provide a more accurate rendition of the field chemistry, especially with respect to dissolved oxygen.

### 6.1.2.1 Field pH

The pH from the 9 wells (MD2B, MD2C, MD4B, MD4C, MD6B, MD6C, MD9B, MD9C, MD10B) ranged from pH 6.8 to 7.6 in the 2011-12 reporting period, indicating relatively neutral water.

Fluctuation (minor) in pH is likely to relate to a combination of factors including leachate quality, acid sulphate soils, tidal influences (together with a rise in electrical conductivity) and surface water quality.

E2W considers that field pH measurements may be more reliable than laboratory, as the pH of waters can change once out of equilibrium with the natural environment and stored within containers (holding time for pH is less than 4 hrs).

## 6.1.2.2 Electrical Conductivity (EC)

The EC in groundwater collected from the site ranged from approximately 1.54 to 41 mS/cm (MD6B, MD9B, MD10B in August 2012 and MD2C in November 2011 respectively). The

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Note: MD2A, MD7 and MD10B have no RL measurement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Note: data from Kiama (Bombo Headland) (Station ID 068242), ~4.5 km SSE of MWDD.



salinity reflects the transgression/regression of fresh and marine groundwater and presence of saline groundwater at depth (Figure 2, & Appendix B).

The distribution of EC indicates fresh water is located under the landfill mound and close to the landfill footprint, with sharp salinity increases near Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River (Figure 7, Appendix B). The saline water correlated with the fresh/salt water interface and presence of mangroves/sedges (tidal area).

### 6.1.2.3 Dissolved Oxygen (DO)

The 9 wells recorded field dissolved oxygen (DO) concentrations ranging between 0.50 to 3.79 mg/L in the 2011/12 reporting period (MD2C in August 2012 and MD9C in May 2012, respectively). The concentrations of dissolved oxygen were similar to those reported in previous annual monitoring reports.

It is likely the concentrations of DO would be lower if measured insitu, as opposed to during the purging and sampling process. Wells with low purge volumes are unlikely to provide representative groundwater DO concentrations.

Landfill leachate and the organic rich sediments (estuary) are likely to deplete DO in the groundwater. This phenomenon is seen on many landfill sites, where organic carbon and nutrients provide surplus electron acceptors, which react with and consume the available DO in groundwater.

#### 6.1.3 Nutrients (groundwater)

### 6.1.3.1 Nitrogen-based compounds

Groundwater collected from the MWDD monitoring wells were analysed for ammonia and nitrate in the 2011/12 reporting period (note: Total nitrogen is not an EPL requirement).

Five wells (MD2B, MD2C, MD4B, MD4C and MD9C) reported one or more samples with nitrate concentrations above the ANZECC (2000) trigger value for fresh water ecosystems (0.7 mg/L, at 95% protection level). In 2011/12 concentrations ranged from <0.01 (non-detected/below LOR) to 8.17 mg/L. Nitrate concentrations are higher than previous levels of nitrate in 2010/11 and 2009/10. Average nitrate concentrations for 2011/12 were lowest at MD10B (0.09 mg/L) whilst highest at MD4B (3.23 mg/L). During 2010/11, wells MD4C (0.16 mg/L) and MD4B (1.66 mg/L) were reported as the lowest and highest average concentrations.

Nitrogen species in the groundwater is predominantly ammonia, and indicative of a reducing groundwater environment. Thus, potential impact to the aquatic environment is interpreted to arise from ammonia, and to a lesser extent, the oxidised nitrogen form (nitrate).

The guidelines (ammonia) for the protection of freshwater and marine ecosystems vary according to pH and temperature. Given the range of pH and temperature measured across the site and in Rocklow Creek, the guideline values have been calculated as 1.88 and 2.84 mg/L for fresh and marine waters, respectively (at pH of 7.3). With the exception of MD2C and MD4C,



all groundwater samples tested in all four monitoring rounds reported concentrations of ammonia in excess of the ANZECC (2000) trigger value for marine ecosystems (2.84 mg/L, based on a pH of 7.3).

Groundwater from the wells MD4B, MD6B, MD6C, MD9B, MD9C and MD10B, located on the north and eastern landfill perimeters (plume centreline path) reported the highest concentrations of ammonia (all  $\geq$ 30 mg/L, Figure 2). Well (MD9C) reported the maximum ammonia of 101 mg/L (February 2012), which is lower than the maximum at MD9C in 2010/11 reporting period (118 mg/L). Ammonia trends over time are presented in Graph-1, Graph-2 and Graph-3. Highest ammonia correlates with the main downgradient area (plume centreline) of the waste mound and above average rainfall (2011).

It is noted that rehabilitation works were completed in early 2008, and the 2008/09 and 2009/10 ammonia concentrations have generally decreased since then at most well locations. Well locations MD2C, MD6B, MD6C, MD9C and MD10B have decreased in maximum ammonia concentrations in 2011/12 in comparison to the previous 2010/11 period.

### 6.1.5. Ammonia Trends

The groundwater ammonia trends from 1999 to 2012 are presented in Graph-1, Graph-2 and Graph-3. The data indicates ammonia in most monitoring wells exceed the ANZECC (2000) marine water trigger value. A summary the ammonia trends are presented in Table 6.1.5.

South-east of La	ndfill (Across-gradient)	North of Landfill (Down-gradient, plume centreline)								
Well ID	Trend	Well ID	Trend							
MD1B	Overall Decreasing, but variable	MD4B	Overall Decreasing, but variable							
MD2B	Overall Decreasing, but variable	MD4C	Overall Decreasing							
MD2C	Overall Decreasing, but variable	MD9B	Overall Decreasing, but variable							
MD6B	Overall Decreasing, but variable	MD9C	Rising trend & peak in late 2011, then irregularly Decreasing							
MD6C	Overall Decreasing, but variable	MD10B	Irregularly Decreasing							

 Table 6.1.5 Summary of Ammonia Trends in Groundwater

*Note: "B" and "C" denote shallow and deep wells, respectively.* 

The ammonia trends are generally variable over time, however most locations show a downward trend. The ammonia from the quarterly monitoring events may reflect a combination of seasonal rainfall, tidal fluctuations and the landfill rehabilitation works.

Monitoring reports (eg. E2W, 2008-09, 2009-10, 2010-11, 2011-12) have identified spikes in ammonia concentrations that are interpreted to result from high rainfall in preceding months. For example, in February 2008, high rainfall (169.2 mm, 5 February) was followed by a rise in ammonia in early to mid 2008. In October 2009, 187.8 mm of rainfall, which was the highest monthly rainfall recorded for the 2009 calendar year (next highest December 2009, 106.2 mm).



During the 2010-11 monitoring period, 22 March 2011 (163.8 mm rainfall) was followed by a rise in ammonia (May 2011, Graphs 1-3)<sup>7</sup>. Over the 2011/12 period, a combined 176.2mm rainfall from 20 to 23 July was followed by an increase in ammonia (November 2011, Graph 1-3)7. Rainfall of 289 mm in February and 213.2mm in March (502.2mm combined in 2 months) was followed by rises in ammonia (May 2012, Graph 1-3)<sup>7</sup>

Rainfall events before or on the dates of sampling may contribute to rising ammonia concentrations in the groundwater due to some leachate migration, generation and/or rising water table.

During 2011/12 ammonia generally continues to decrease (variably) in wells compared with previous monitoring periods, but with continued variability (Graph-1 to Graph-3) due to above average rainfall. Over the 2010/11 and 2011/12 monitoring periods, MD9C shows an irregular decreasing ammonia trend in 2012 (although has an increasing trend over 1999-2011 which peaks in late 2011). During the 2011/12 reporting period, 6 wells (MD2B, MD2C, MD4C, MD6B, MD9C and MD10B) showed a temporary rise in ammonia concentrations in February 2012. The four wells (MD2C, MD6C, MD9C and MD10B) are preceded and followed by, a declining trend in the next sampling round (May 2012).

Review of aerial photographs taken of the landfill in late 2007 shows that the NE corner (where most of the wells are situated) was the last to be reshaped, capped and vegetated (& increase the potential for leachate generation and migration, as would have disturbance of soil and waste in that area). Continued monitoring of ammonia concentrations and climate is required to establish seasonal trends.

The amount of landfill leachate generated would decline following the closure of the landfill and completion of rehabilitation works. The groundwater quality is likely to take years (5+) to show improvements due to the flat hydraulic gradients (in estuary) and tidal movements (some reversal of gradient a high tide) around the landfill footprint.

Results from the 2011/12 monitoring period are similar to the 2010/11 monitoring period, and show variable, but generally decreasing ammonia trend and leachate impact (with the exception of MD9C which has elevated ammonia). Future monitoring is required to assess ammonia trends and characteristics (declines, variations etc).

### 6.1.3.2 Total Phosphorus (TP, groundwater)

The total phosphorus (TP) is not an EPL requirement, and was not sampled during the 2011/12 monitoring period (may cause algae in surface water environment). In the 2007/08 monitoring period the majority of TP results from twelve wells exceeded the ANZECC (2000) trigger values for the protection of marine ecosystems.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Rainfall data taken from the Kiama (Bombo Headland) Weather Station, (Station ID 068242)



#### 6.1.4 Hydrogeochemical Indicators

Concentrations of major ions (chloride, sulphate, calcium, magnesium, sodium and potassium) in the groundwater at the site are presented in Table GW-1. The concentrations of major ions in all monitoring wells are within previously reported ranges and generally dominated by one cation (sodium) and anion (chloride). In wells with freshwater, (MD6B and MD10B) calcium concentrations are similar to, and sometimes greater than sodium concentrations.

The landfill leachate may be contributing concentrations of ions including calcium, potassium and magnesium. Contribution of sodium and chloride is difficult to ascertain as these ions are typically associated with marine environments (e.g. salt spray, tidal influence).

#### 6.1.5 Inorganic Contaminants (Iron, Manganese and Fluoride)

Total iron (filtered at the laboratory) ranges from the LOR (<0.05 mg/L) at MD6C (November 2011) to 7.25 mg/L (MD6C, February 2012). With the exception of MD4B and MD10B, all the groundwater wells reported ANZECC (2000) exceedances (freshwater ecosystems, 0.3 mg/L) in a least one in of the four sampling rounds.

It is noted that the ANZECC (2000) guideline for iron is an indicative interim working level (IIWL) and is of low reliability. No guideline is available for iron in marine water, which has a higher relevance to Rocklow Creek and receiving water bodies.

Concentrations of manganese ranged from 0.045 mg/L to 0.727 mg/L (MD4B, August 2012 and MD9C, August 2012, respectively). The ANZECC (2000) guideline for manganese in fresh water is 1.9 mg/L. All results were reported below the ANZECC fresh water guidelines.

The levels of filterable iron and manganese are similar to those reported in previous reporting periods.

Concentrations of fluoride ranged from 0.3 mg/L (MD6B in November 2011 and MD9C in November 2011, May and August 2012) to 0.9 mg/L (MD10B, November 2011, February and August 2012). No recommended reliable ANZECC (2000) guidelines exist for fluoride in fresh or marine waters. The data ranges between the minimum and maximum values are similar to the levels reported in 2011/12. The results indicate that fluoride levels are generally associated with landfill leachate.

### 6.1.6 Organic Contaminants (DOC, TOC and Phenols- Groundwater)

Concentrations of dissolved organic carbon (DOC) ranged from 9 to 147 mg/L in the 2011/12 reporting period (MD6C, February 2012 and MD9C, November 2011, respectively). Concentrations of total organic carbon (TOC) ranged from 11 to 158 mg/L in the 2011/12 reporting period (MD6C, February 2012 and MD9C, November 2011, respectively. No recommended ANZECC (2000) guidelines exist for DOC or TOC. The DOC/TOC may relate to landfill leachate and/or naturally occurring organic matter associated with lowland/estuary and rivers.

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Concentrations of phenols were below LOR (0.05 mg/L) and were below marine water trigger values (ANZECC 2000, 0.4 mg/L) at all wells in all monitoring rounds (November 2011, February 2012, May 2012 and August 2012). Future groundwater monitoring will determine if phenol concentrations warrant further assessment.

### 6.2 Surface Water

Surface water sampling was undertaken quarterly during the 2011/12 reporting period (EPL requirement is only six-monthly sampling). Samples were collected from two locations along the estuarine reach of Rocklow Creek (Figure 2). Sample locations Rocklow-Up (upstream at the tidal limit and landfill), Rocklow-Middle (midstream<sup>8</sup>) and Rocklow-Down (downstream) are considered appropriate locations to assess water quality impacts from the MWDD. It is noted that impacts to Rocklow Creek water quality may be occurring from Shellharbour Waste Disposal Depot, which is situated on the northern side of Rocklow Creek and from runoff from agricultural and residential land in the catchment.

The three surface water locations are not sampled according to tidal levels (i.e. Rocklow Creek has marine water influences which is a mixture of groundwater discharge and tidal water), therefore nutrients concentrations are likely to vary due to tidal water influence.

The surface water monitoring data is variable and possibly reflecting a combination of tide sampling regimes and influence from the broader catchment area. Timing of the samples should be coordinated with the tide so that creek samples are collected during a run-out tide when the maximum amount of groundwater discharges into the creek.

### 6.2.1 Physical Parameters

## 6.2.1.1 pH

The pH in Rocklow Creek at the middle and downstream location is generally neutral (6.8 to 7.7) in 2011/12, and has not changed significantly from the 2010/11 reporting period (i.e. downstream sample were not collected due to access constraints).

### 6.2.1.2 TDS (and EC)

The conductivity (EC, mS/cm) of waters at the upstream location are lower than those recorded downstream (Rocklow-Middle), reflecting the tidal range and groundwater discharge from the catchment area.

Water collected from Rocklow Creek is brackish to saline (Rocklow-Middle 7.38 to 22.70 mS/cm, and Rocklow-Up 0.92 to 12 mS/cm). EC values are lower than results from the 2010/11 monitoring period, however this may be due to the time sampling was taken (tidal range).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The Rocklow-Middle sample was recommended as part of the landfill closure and to assess if a perimeter bund wall was required to reduce discharges to Rocklow creek. Rocklow-Down was inaccessible and not sampled during the 2011-12 reporting period.



Sampling at low tide would result in decreased salinity due to an increased baseflow (fresh groundwater) contribution.

#### 6.2.2 Nutrients (surface water)

#### 6.2.2.1 Nitrogen

Rocklow Creek surface water samples collected in the 2011/12 reporting period reported ammonia below the ANZECC (2000) guidelines for marine and fresh water ecosystems (2.84 and 1.88 mg/L, respectively, Tables SW-1 and SW-2), with the exception of Rocklow-Middle (1.91 mg/L of ammonia) in August 2012 (above freshwater but not marine). Concentrations of nitrate were all at or below 0.26 mg/L (ANZECC (2000), lower than the trigger value for fresh water ecosystems (0.7 mg/L, at 95% protection level).

Water samples collected from Rocklow Creek during 2011/12 reporting period show an increase (of up to 1.87 mg/L) in ammonia in the midstream sample compared to the upstream sample. The ammonia increments between the upper and mid stream samples are presented in Table SW-2 and Graph-4 (note: mid-stream location is downgradient to MD-9C and MD-10B which have elevated and irregular ammonia trends).

Ammonia concentrations in Rocklow Creek (2011/12) are generally lower than in 2010/11 (Table SW-2).

Increases in ammonia from upstream to downstream of the landfill have been observed over previous monitoring periods (Graph-4). While these increases could be attributable to the discharge of groundwater impacted by ammonia from the MWDD, other sources of nitrogen input such as polluted runoff from the catchment (Shellharbour Landfill, agricultural areas) and nutrients bound in sediments cannot be discounted.

Graph-4 shows the ammonia increments in all monitoring periods since 1999 and illustrates a decreasing difference between upstream and downstream ammonia concentrations. Ammonia concentrations at Rocklow-Up have remained relatively stable over time while ammonia concentrations at Rocklow-Down show a declining trend (until 2010).

Rocklow-Middle (mid-stream sample) reported elevated ammonia concentration (1.91 mg/L, August 2012), which correlates to elevated ammonia during 2011/12 in the nearby groundwater reported at MD-9C/MD10B (i.e. surface water impacted by groundwater discharge as baseflow, refer to Graph 1 and Figure 2).

The ammonia contribution from the MWDD into Rocklow Creek is complicated by the sampling regime (i.e. sampling at various tides level with dilution from tidal water) and other potential sources of nitrogen in the area (Dunmore Landfill and nutrients from upstream agricultural areas).

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#### 6.2.2.2 Total Phosphorous (surface water)

Total phosphorus (TP) is not an EPL requirement and were not analysed during the 2011/12 monitoring period.

Monitoring from previous years indicate that TP concentrations decrease from up to downstream of the landfill (except in August 2008), implying there is nutrient contribution from other (agricultural) sources in the catchment area.

### **6.2.3** Organic Contaminants (DOC and Phenols)

Concentrations of dissolved organic carbon (DOC) ranged from 8 to 11 mg/L in the 2010/11 reporting period (Rocklow-Middle in February & May 2012 and Rocklow-Middle in November 2011, respectively). No recommended ANZECC (2000) guidelines exist for DOC (concentrations could be related to natural waters or leachate).

Concentrations of phenols were below LOR (0.05 mg/L) in all other surface water samples in all monitoring rounds (November 2011, February 2012, May 2012 and August 2012).

The source and nature (possible sample bottles, gloves used for sampling, laboratory contamination) of phenols is not well known (concentrations are below guidelines).

### 7. CHEMICALS OF CONCERN AND CONTAMINANT PLUMES

The results of 2011-2012 monitoring have been assessed to determine the surface and groundwater conditions with respect to the relevant guidelines which serve to protect aquatic ecosystems (both fresh and marine), as this is considered to be the dominant beneficial (environmental) use of local groundwater.

The primary landfill leachate indicator at the site is ammonia. Ammonia represents the analyte which exceeds ANZECC (2000) guidelines in the majority of monitoring wells. The landfill is also a source of dissolved salts, metals (i.e. iron, which was generally above interim guidelines) and potentially organics. The dissolved salts, metals and organics are associated with the dissolution of ions from various types of waste material.

Results of the sampling (1999 to 2012) confirm that ammonia concentrations are elevated above background levels. Improvement in groundwater quality (i.e. a decreasing ammonia trend) is evident in six wells (MD2B, MD2C, MD4B, MD4C, MD6B) since landfill rehabilitation works commenced (2006). High rainfall periods since landfill rehabilitation completion are interpreted to have resulted in periodic ammonia increases (eg. February 2008, March 2011, July 2011, February & March 2012).

It is likely the leachate plume arising from the landfill mound would migrate radially (local system) with (regional) flow mainly directed towards the north-east and east. It is likely that landfill leachate infiltrates the underlying sandy aquifer and consequently migrates under the predominant groundwater flow regime towards Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River.



The extent of natural attenuation and degradation of the nutrient plume prior to discharge is not well known, however the groundwater/saltwater interface and mangrove environment are likely to enhance attenuation and de-nitrification of the ammonia plume (Appendix B, Figure 7).

#### 7.1 Ecological Issues

Groundwater migrating from under the landfill mound to Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River will be diluted by the dynamic and tidal nature of the environment. Contaminants contained within this discharge will be diluted and dispersed via biological, chemical and physical processes which occur at the groundwater/salt water interface. Uptake of the nutrients by plants (mangroves, sedges) dependent on groundwater will also occur at the creek and river.

The adverse effects arising from landfill leachate on the Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River aquatic environments is unclear and difficult to ascertain, given the multiple sources of nutrients present and disturbance in the catchment area. No obvious evidence of degradation is evident in the water bodies or surrounding vegetation (Note; some trees were damaged/removed during landfill rehabilitation works in 2007/2008).

Discharges of landfill leachate to Rocklow Creek would be at a maximum when the tide is low and groundwater gradients are steeper. The net increment of ammonia in the midstream sample (Rocklow-Middle) averaged 0.91 mg/L in the 2011/12 reporting period (Table SW-2). This net increment average is affected by one elevated Rocklow-Middle sample (1.91 mg/L, located in direction of plume centreline) and is not directly comparable to downstream sample location (100 m downstream, greater tidal influx/dilution).

The net increment in the downstream in 2011/12 (0.91 mg/L) is lower than 2010/11 (1.57 mg/L averaged net increment). Previous net increment average are; 0.11mg/L in 2008/09 and average 0.44mg/L in 2009/10 (appears as an overall increasing trend, however this is dependent on tides during sampling).

The ammonia in groundwater (MD-9C and MD-10B) during 2011/12 may be contributing to the nutrient concentrations detected in the surface water (Rocklow-Middle), however this is not confirmed due to the other potential sources and no downstream sample. Downstream ammonia concentrations have declined since monitoring commenced in 1999 (Graph-4).

While it is likely that some nitrogen-impacted groundwater may discharge into Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River, it is unclear as to the extent of attenuation of the nitrogen plume prior to discharge. Attenuation is likely to occur through a combination of dilution, through mixing of groundwater from north of the creek, by flows and tidal movements within the creek and estuary itself, oxidation of the ammonia to nitrate, and finally as nitrogen gas.

Ammonia and nitrate concentrations in all surface water samples collected in the 2011/12 reporting period were below ANZECC (2000) trigger values for fresh and marine water ecosystems, with the exception of Rocklow-Middle (1.91 mg/L, August 2012), which may relate



to the elevated ammonia at the up-gradient wells (MD-9C and MD-10B during 2011/12 monitoring year).

## 8. CONCLUSIONS

Surface and groundwater monitoring was undertaken at the Minnamurra Waste Disposal Facility by ALS on a quarterly basis<sup>9</sup> from November 2011 to August 2012 (EPL reporting period). Monitoring data collected during the 2011/2012 period was assessed by E2W to determine the impact of the landfill facility on local groundwater and aquatic ecosystems.

Based on the environmental data reviewed and assessed, E2W offer the following conclusions:

- Elevated concentrations of nutrients, in particular ammonia, continue to be detected in groundwater at the site. Ammonia levels reported by the laboratory exceed the ANZECC (2000) guidelines for the protection of fresh and marine water ecosystems at all monitoring wells sampled.
- The impacted wells are located on the footprint (downgradient) of the landfill mound, indicating contaminant migration towards Rocklow Creek and Minnamurra River (north-east and east).
- Elevated ammonia concentrations (above ANZECC 2000) were reported at several wells including; MD4B (36 mg/L), MD6B (30.3 mg/L), MD6C (43.2 mg/L), MD9B (45.7 mg/L), MD10B (72.8 mg/L), with the maximum at MD9C (101.0 mg/L). Elevated ammonia in the groundwater is located on the north and eastern landfill perimeters coinciding with the predominant groundwater flow direction.
- Nitrate concentrations during the 2011/12 reporting period ranged from not detected to 8.17 mg/L (MD9C) and exceeded the (ANZECC (2000) freshwater guidelines, 0.7 mg/L). Nitrate concentrations are higher than the previous concentrations reported in 2010/11 (MD-1B= 5.23 mg/L, but was not monitored in 2011/12).
- Ammonia concentrations in the 2011/12 monitoring period continue to be elevated and variable, however show an overall decreasing trend. Variations in ammonia are inferred to reflect seasonal trends (high rainfall resulting in increased concentrations) and decreased leachate generation due to the landfill rehabilitation works.
- During the 2011/12 monitoring period Rocklow-Down (downstream) was not sampled (due to access), however was substituted by Rocklow-Middle (midstream). Low concentrations of ammonia and nitrate (i.e. below ANZECC 2000 trigger values) were reported from the upstream and mid stream locations on Rocklow Creek during the 2011/12 reporting period, with the exception of Rocklow-Middle (1.91 mg/L, in August 2012). A minor increase occurs in the downstream sample locations (or Rocklow-Mid). The actual difference between upstream and downstream concentrations has reduced since 1999 (Graph 4, reflecting reduced leachate migration from the capped waste mound).
- The net increment of ammonia in the midstream sample (Rocklow-Middle) averaged 0.91 mg/L in the 2011/12 reporting period (Table SW-2). Although, this "net incremental average" is higher than previous years (except for 2010/11 which averaged 1.57mg/L), the average is skewed from one-off elevated results (Rocklow-Middle @ 1.91 mg/L) and not

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Council has conducted additional monitoring at the site as the EPL only requires 6 monthly sampling.



directly comparable to downstream sample location (100 m further downstream, given tidal dilution). The elevated ammonia in nearby groundwater (MD-9C and MD-10B) may be contributing to the nutrient concentrations in the surface water (Rocklow-Mid), however further monitoring is required to verify this interpretation.

- While downstream ammonia concentration increases could be attributable to the discharge of groundwater impacted by ammonia from the MWDD, contribution from other sources of nitrogen input such as polluted runoff from the catchment (Shellharbour Landfill, agricultural areas) is not discounted.
- All other water quality indicators were consistent with the results of previous monitoring periods.
- Bimonthly testing of the gas monitoring wells (Gas 1 to 3 and Gas 4) and trenches (Trench 1 to Trench 7 -the biofilter pads) indicated that gas levels have decreased during the 2011/12 monitoring period. All buildings sampled (within 250 m of the deposited waste) recorded no detectable landfill gas readings in October 2012 (annual monitoring).
- KMC (& E2W) are unaware of any complaints from the community arising from rehabilitation works at the MWDD during the 2011/12 reporting period.

The nutrients in the local surface and groundwater are likely to decrease over time due to the landfill closure and rehabilitation works. Given that the landfill capping commenced in August 2006 and completed in January 2008 the leachate generation has substantially decreased. Monitoring data in 2011/12 supports this interpretation and improvement in the local water quality.

The elevated ammonia concentrations reported at MD-9C and MD-10B is interpreted to relate to the remnant deeper centre/core plume migrating from under the landfill mound to the site boundary.

Monitoring over the next few years will continue to provide the relevant environmental data to assess the effectiveness and performance of the landfill rehabilitation (& remedial works- as necessary). The landfill closure and recent capping of the landfill mound would improve the local surface water and groundwater quality.

Close monitoring of the elevated ammonia at wells (MD-9C, MD-10B at centreline of plume) and Rocklow Creek (mid-creek) is recommended to address any remedial requirements (e.g. groundwater extraction and irrigation). E2W consider that additional time (1 year) is required to verify ammonia trends and remedial actions at MD-9C/MD-10B. The scale of the landfill mound (6 ha) and generally slow movement of the deeper groundwater is likely to be influencing results at MD-9C (i.e. the residual core leachate plume is still migrating slowly under the capped part of the mound).

E2W interpret that additional time (3 + years) is required to show a more consistent and widespread improvement in the water quality trends (eg. ammonia) due to landfill rehabilitation works. This interpretation takes in consideration the dilution effects of rainfall recharge, clean water runoff from the mound and subsequent attenuation of the landfill leachate around the landfill footprint. It is noted that the majority of the monitoring wells are situated immediately off the landfill perimeter and readily influenced from the leachate plume migrating under the waste mound.

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#### 8.1 Recommendations

E2W offer the following recommendations regarding the monitoring at the Minnamurra Waste Disposal Depot:

#### Groundwater:

• Continued monitoring and assessment of the ammonia is required to assess trends in relation to the landfill rehabilitation works.

E2W have initiated concept design of potential groundwater remedial works to address the previous (2011) rising ammonia trend identified at well (MD-9C). Currently, two extraction wells and a holding dam are proposed to extract the ammonia enriched groundwater, facilitate biological treatment (via wetland plants) and irrigation to strip the ammonia from the groundwater. Groundwater remedial works are recommended if ammonia concentrations exceed 100 mg/L on two consecutive monitoring rounds in 2012 or 2013 (MD-9C or MD-10B).

Repairs works are recommended for the damaged shallow well (i.e. MD-4A, replacement of bent pipe-work at well head).

Details of the proposed groundwater remedial works will be provided in separate documentation to KMC or NSW EPA.

#### Sampling Procedures:

- Recording of groundwater purge volumes and any observations (odour, sheen, turbidity) during sampling,
- Use of calibrated field instruments for measuring field chemistry (pH, EC, DO, Eh, T) prior to sampling,
- Sampling of surface water to be timed with a **low 'run out' tide**, and documenting tidal and climatic conditions (i.e. sampling at different tides dilutes the groundwater plume).
- Details regarding the well conditions (eg. damaged). Any damaged wells should be replaced or substituted with nearby wells.
- Sampling of MD-5B/5C (one event) is recommended to assess the extent of ammonia plume detected at MD-10B and MD-9C (i.e. improve plume delineation),
- Collection of an alternative (second) surface water sample in Rocklow Creek in proximity to MD-9B/9C (~50 m downstream of existing Rocklow-Middle) to better assess potential impacts associated with the groundwater ammonia plume.

The recommended groundwater monitoring program for the prescribed well locations (i.e. EPL conditions) is summarised in Table 8.1. E2W acknowledge that the EPL recommends a half yearly sampling frequency, whilst KMC have continued with quarterly groundwater monitoring and also include surface water sampling (two or three locations). The increased monitoring



frequency facilitates earlier detection of rising trends and decision making regarding potential; remedial works.

E2W recommend the current surface water monitoring program is continued on a quarterly basis for the 2012/13 reporting period (exceeds EPL requirements). Due to the impeded access to the Rocklow-Down sampling location, E2W propose that a second mid-stream sample approximately (50 to 80 m) downstream of existing location (Rocklow-Middle) is collected to assist with the assessment of rising ammonia trend at well (MD-9C), risk assessment and requirements associated groundwater extraction/remedial works.

Continued monitoring of landfill gas at the gas monitoring wells, trenches (biofilter pads) and buildings (6 monthly) is recommended to comply with the EPL.

Analytes	Detection Limit	Sampling Frequency	Method Reference
Alkalinity	0.5 mg/L	6 monthly	APHA 2320B
pH/Eh	0.01 pH unit	3 monthly	pH meter and probe/APHA4500-HB
Electrical Conductivity	0.01 mS/cm	3 monthly	Conductivity meter and probe
Dissolved Oxygen	0.01 %	6 monthly	DO meter and probe
Temperature	1 deg	6 monthly	Temperature meter and probe
Ammonia-nitrogen	0.01 mg/L	3 monthly	FIA
Nitrate-nitrogen	10 µg/L	3 monthly	FIA
Calcium	1 mg/L	6 monthly	USEPA 6010 A
Chloride	0.5 mg/L	6 monthly	Titrated with mercuric nitrate using diphenol- carbazonel/xylene cyanol FF indicator
Fluoride	0. 1 mg/L	6 monthly	APHA4500-FC
Magnesium	0.02 mg/L	6 monthly	USEPA 6010 A
Sulphate	1 mg/L	6 monthly	ICID/MS
Sodium	0.05 mg/L	6 monthly	USEPA 6010 A
Total Alkalinity	0.5 mg/L	6 monthly	APHA 2340C
Potassium	0.05 mg/L	6 monthly	USEPA 6010 A
Total Organic Carbon	0.50 mg/L	6 monthly	APHA 531 OC
Iron	1 μg/L	6 monthly	USEPA 6010 A
Manganese	1 μg/L	6 monthly	USEPA 6010
Phenols	1 μg/L	6 monthly	APHA 5530D
Standing Water Level	m AHD	6 monthly	Probe

#### Table 8.1 - Recommended Groundwater Analytical Program for MWDD (2012/13)

Notes: The key landfill indicator (ammonia/nitrate) is proposed on a quarterly basis in groundwater/surface water locations 1CP - Inductively Coupled Plasma

FIA - Flow Injection Analyser

MS - Mass Spectrometry

FC - Client Filtered

µS/cm - micro Siemens per centimetre

 $\mu g/L$  - micrograms per litre

mg/L - milligrams per litre APHA - American Public Health Association

USEPA - United States Environment Protection Agency



### 9. LIMITATIONS

Earth2Water Pty Ltd has prepared this report for the use of Kiama Municipal Council in accordance with the standard terms and conditions of the consulting profession. This report is prepared in accordance with the agreed scope of work. The methodology adopted and sources of information used by E2W are outlined in this report.

This report was prepared during November 2012 and is based on the information reviewed at the time of preparation. This report should be read in full. No responsibility is accepted for use of any part of this report in any other context or for any other purpose or by third parties.

The precision with which conditions are indicated depends largely on the frequency and method of sampling, and the uniformity of conditions as constrained by the project budget limitations. The behaviour of groundwater and some aspects of contaminants in soil and groundwater are complex. Our conclusions are based upon the analytical data presented by Ecowise and our experience.

Where conditions encountered at the site are subsequently found to differ significantly from those anticipated in this report, E2W should be notified of any such findings and be provided with an opportunity to review our content and recommendations.

#### **10. REFERENCES**

Hazelton (1992). Soil Landscapes of the Kiama 1:1,000,000 Sheet, Department of Conservation and Land Management.

NSW EPA (1996). Environmental Guidelines: Solid Waste Landfills.

DUAP (1996). EIS Practise Guideline: Landfilling

NSW EPA (1999). Environmental Guidelines: Assessment, Classification & Management of Liquid & Non-Liquid Wastes. May 1999.

Australian and New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council & Agriculture and Resource Management Council of Australia and New Zealand (2000). *Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality*.

Earth2Water Pty Ltd (October, 2005). Landfill Closure Plan for the Minnamurra Waste Disposal Facility.

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Tables

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#### Table 5.3: Groundwater and Surface Water Monitoring (2011 to 2012)

		Ground	water		Surf	ace Water (	Rocklow Cro	eek)	Detection	
Analytes	2/11/2011	2/02/2012	30/05/2012	9/08/2012	2/11/2011	2/02/2012	30/05/2012	9/08/2012	Limits	Method Reference
Physical Properties			·							
рН	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0.01 pH unit	pH meter and probe/ APHA4500-HB
Electrical Conductivity	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0.01 mS/cm	Conductivity meter and probe
Dissolved Oxygen	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0.0001	DO meter and probe
Redox (Orp)									1 mV	Platinum electrode probe - NA
Temperature	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1 °C	Temperature meter and probe
Turbidity									1 NTU	APHA2540D
Nutrients										
Ammonia-nitrogen	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0.01 mg/L	FIA
Total Nitrogen										
Total Phosphorus									2 µg/L	FIA
Hydrochemical										
Calcium	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0.5 mg/L	USEPA 6010 A
										diphenol-carbazonel/xylene cyanol FF
Chloride	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0.5 mg/L	indicator
Fluoride	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0.1 mg/L	APHA4500-FC
Magnesium	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0.02 mg/L	USEPA 6010 A
Sulphate	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1 mg/L	ICID/MS
Sodium	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0.05 mg/L	USEPA 6010 A
Bicarbonate/Alkalinity	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0.5 mg/L	APHA2340C - "Hardness done by error"
Potassium	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0.05 mg/L	USEPA 6010 A
Organic Contaminants										
Dissolved Organic Carbor	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0.50 mg/L	APHA 5310C
Total Organic Carbon	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0.1 mg/L	APHA 5310C
Inorganic Contaminants										
Iron	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1 µg/L	USEPA 6010 A
Manganese	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1 µg/L	USEPA 6010
		ı								
Total Phenolics	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1 µg/L	APHA 5530D

#### Table GW-1: Summary 2011/12 Analytical Results - Minnamurra Waste Disposal Depot

#### Minnamurra Waste Disposal Depot

1

							No.					No.					No.			
Sample ID	ANZEC	-)	MD 1B	MD 1B	MD 1B	MD 1B	Samples	Min	Mean	Max	MD2A	Samples	MD 2B	MD 2B	MD 2B	MD 2B	Samples	Min	Mean	Max
Field Measurements	Freshwater	Marine	2/11/2011	2/02/12	30/05/12	9/08/12					9/08/12		2/11/11	2/02/12	30/05/12	9/08/12				
RL (mAHD at TOC)			No Access	No Access	No Access	No Access	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA
Standing water level (mTOC)			-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	0.60	1	0.70	0.70	0.72	0.76	4	0.70	0.72	0.76
Reduced SWL (mAHD)			-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA
pH (field)	6.5-8.0 (a)	8-8.4 (a)	-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	7.5	7.2	7.0	7.3	4	7.0	7.3	7.5
Temperature			-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	16.8	18.2	16.4	14.5	4	14.5	16.5	18.2
Electrical Conductivity (mS/cm)	0.125-2.2 (a)		-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	21.70	19.00	17.10	16.00	4	16.00	18.45	21.70
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	8.5-11.0 (a)	9.0-10.0 (a)	-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	2.14	1.95	2.44	0.80	4	0.80	1.83	2.44
Turbidity (NTU)	6-50 (a)	0.5-10 (a)	-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA
Laboratory Analyses (mg/L)																				
Sodium (ICP)			-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	4600	4430	4210	3260	4	3260	4125	4600
Potassium (ICP)			-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	204	202	204	170	4	170	195	204
Calcium (ICP)			-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	316	379	395	376	4	316	367	395
Magnesium (ICP)			-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	556	521	501	499	4	499	519	556
Chloride			-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	7880	7320	6890	6640	4	6640	7183	7880
Sulphate (SO4)			-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	1040	942	777	964	4	777	931	1040
Water Parameters (mg/L)																				
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)			-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA
Alkalinity (as CaCO3)			-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	678	744	812	801	4	678	759	812
Fluoride			-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	4	0.7	0.7	0.8
Phenols		0.40	-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	4	0.05	0.05	0.05
Metals (mg/L)	•		•	•								•								
Iron (ICP)	0.3 (1)		-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	0.17	0.40	0.35	0.28	4	0.17	0.30	0.40
Manganese (ICP)	1.90		-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	0.061	0.071	0.079	0.067	4	0.061	0.070	0.079
Nutrients (mg/L)			•	•								•					•			
Nitrate (NO3 as N)	0.7 (7)		-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	2.93	1.27	2.35	3.68	4	1.27	2.56	3.68
Ammonia (NH3 as N)	1.88 (2)	2.84 (2)	-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	15.40	18.00	19.50	16.00	4	15.40	17.23	19.50
Total Nitrogen	0.5 (3)	0.12 (4)	-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC)			-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	39	34	39	36	4	34	37	39
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)			-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	35	37	38	37	4	35	37	38
Total Phosphorus (TP)	0.05 (5)	0.025 (6)	-	-	-	-	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA
	0.00 (0)	0.020 (0)			l	l	Ÿ					v					, v			

#### Notes:

1. Trigger value is an indicative interim working level only (IIWL).

2. Ammonia trigger value at pH = 8.0, 95% PL, corrected to pH = 7.3.

3. Trigger value for total nitrogen for lowland rivers in SE Australia.

4. Trigger value for oxides of nitrogen (NOx) for marine ecosystems, NSW.

5. Trigger value for total phosphorus in lowland rivers in NSW.

6. Trigger value for total phosphorus in marine ecosystems in NSW.

7. Trigger value for 95% protection level

a. Reference only, not directly applicable to groundwater.

Unsampled well on EPL
Exceeds ANZECC (2000) marine trigger value
<lor converted="" for="" lor="" purposes<="" statistic="" td="" to=""></lor>

Execcedance of IIWL values or fresh water not highlighted.

#### Table GW-1: Summary 2011/12 Analytical Results - Minnamurra Waste Disposal Depot

				No.									No.							1	No.					No.
MD 2C	MD 2C	MD 2C	MD 2C	Samples	Min	Mean	Max	MD4A	MD 4B	MD 4B	MD 4B	MD 4B	Samples	Min	Mean	Max	MD 4C	MD 4C	MD 4C	MD 4C	Samples	Min	Mean	Max	MD6A	Samples
2/11/11	2/02/12	30/05/12	9/08/12	-					2/11/11	2/02/12	30/05/12	9/08/12					2/11/11	2/02/12	30/05/12	9/08/12	_				9/08/12	
NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA		NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0
0.74	0.77	0.78	0.83	4	0.74	0.78	0.83		1.15	1.15	1.33	1.22	4	1.15	1.21	1.33	1.18	1.20	1.17	1.26	4	1.17	1.20	1.26	1.32	1
NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA		NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0
7.1	7.0	6.9	7.2	4	6.9	7.1	7.2		7.5	7.4	7.0	7.3	4	7.0	7.3	7.5	7.0	6.9	6.8	7.1	4	6.8	7.0	7.1	NM	0
16.8	17.8	16.1	14.8	4	14.8	16.4	17.8		16.6	17.7	16.1	14.3	4	14.3	16.2	17.7	16.3	17.2	16.2	14.3	4	14.3	16.0	17.2	NM	0
41.00	40.60	34.90	32.00	4	32.00	37.13	41.00		9.86	8.93	4.86	4.0	4	4.0	6.91	9.86	38.40	37.90	28.30	24.00	4	24.00	32.15	38.40	NM	0
2.60	1.48	2.48	0.50	4	0.50	1.77	2.60		2.35	1.86	3.19	0.90	4	0.90	2.08	3.19	1.93	1.46	3.07	0.90	4	0.90	1.84	3.07	NM	0
NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA		NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0
				-								-				-	-	-						-		
8970	9250	9440	9050	4	8970	9178	9440		1290	1460	729	680	4	680	1040	1460	8420	8050	7500	6730	4	6730	7675	8420	NM	0
344	366	383	367	4	344	365	383		117	122	102	107	4	102	112	122	334	328	323	299	4	299	321	334	NM	0
425	429	459	425	4	425	435	459		288	284	256	256	4	256	271	288	412	442	479	423	4	412	439	479	NM	0
996	1010	1080	989	4	989	1019	1080		227	212	138	132	4	132	177	227	959	911	878	773	4	773	880	959	NM	0
14800	14900	15400	15200	4	14800	15075	15400		2750	3050	1290	1260	4	1260	2088	3050	13800	13700	12400	10800	4	10800	12675	13800	NM	0
2080	2020	1800	2060	4	1800	1990	2080	DRY	367	340	234	242	4	234	296	367	1860	1840	1480	1510	4	1480	1673	1860	NM	0
																					-					
NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA		NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0
456	530	530	528	4	456	511	530		738	748	982	808	4	738	819	982	663	786	843	871	4	663	791	871	NM	0
0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	4	0.6	0.6	0.7		0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	4	0.6	0.7	0.8	NM	0
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	4	0.05	0.05	0.05		0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	4	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	4	0.05	0.05	0.05	NM	0
1.50	2.22	0.50	0.16	4	0.16	1.20	2.22		0.12	0.22	0.02	0.22	4	0.12	0.20	0.02	1.00	170	0.50	0.05	4	0.05	1.10	1.00	NM	
1.56	3.33	0.50	0.16	4	0.16	1.39 0.177	3.33		0.13		0.23	0.22	4	0.13		0.23	1.90	1.76	0.50	0.25	4	0.25	1.10	1.90		0
0.182	0.199	0.164	0.161	4	0.161	0.177	0.199		0.06	0.06	0.08	0.045	4	0.045	0.06	0.08	0.199	0.204	0.368	0.243	4	0.199	0.254	0.368	NM	0
0.1	0.22	1.01	1.01	4	0.10	1.06	1.01		2.05	2.95	2.09	2.02	4	2.95	2.02	2.02	0.04	0.01	0.75	1.07	4	0.01	0.52	1.07	NM	
0.1	0.33	1.91	1.91	4	0.10	1.06	1.91		3.05	2.85	3.08	3.92	4	2.85	3.23	3.92	0.04	0.01	0.75	1.27	4	0.01	0.52	1.27	NM	0
5.15	5.43	2.74	0.10	4	0.10	3.36	5.43		33.40	29.30	35.40	36.00	4	29.30	33.53	36.00	3.11	3.48	3.76	2.37	4	2.37	3.18	3.76	NM	0
NM	NM 17	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA		NM	NM	NM 40	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	NM	NM 20	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0
21	17	20	19	4	17	19	21		38	32	48	48	4	32	42	48	29	24	30	31	4	24	29	31	NM	0
22	19	20	19	4	19	20	22		38	39	48	49	4	38	44	49	28	28	30	32	4	28	30	32	NM	0
NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA		NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0

Notes:

1. Trigger value is an indicative interim working level only (IIWL).

2. Ammonia trigger value at pH = 8.0, 95% PL, corrected to pH = 7.3.

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#### Table GW-1: Summary 2011/12 Analytical Results - Minnamurra Waste Disposal Depot

				No.								No.					No.					No.		<u>і</u>	
MD 6B	MD 6B	MD 6B	MD 6B	Samples	Min	Mean	Max	MD 6C	MD 6C	MD 6C	MD 6C	Samples	Min	Mean	Max	MD9A	Samples	MD 9B	MD 9B	MD 9B	MD 9B	Samples	Min	Mean	Max
2/11/11	2/02/12	30/05/12	9/08/12					2/11/11	2/02/12	30/05/12	9/08/12					9/08/12		2/11/11	2/02/12	30/05/12	9/08/12				
NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA
1.26	1.29	1.30	1.33	4	1.26	1.30	1.33	1.39	1.38	1.40	1.48	4	1.38	1.41	1.48	0.75	1	0.93	0.83	0.85	0.88	4	0.83	0.87	0.93
NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA
7.0	6.9	6.8	6.9	4	6.8	6.9	7.0	7.3	7.0	6.8	7.1	4	6.8	7.1	7.3	NM	0	7.3	6.9	6.9	7.0	4	6.9	7.0	7.3
17.4	18.5	17.1	15.6	4	15.6	17.2	18.5	17.6	18.3	18.2	16.8	4	16.8	17.7	18.3	NM	0	17.5	19.1	16.8	14.4	4	14.4	17.0	19.1
2.31	1.96	1.54	2.0	4	1.54	1.95	2.31	29.50	28.60	22.70	21.00	4	21.00	25.45	29.50	NM	0	2.88	2.66	2.19	2.0	4	2.0	2.43	2.88
2.47	2.03	2.12	0.80	4	0.80	1.86	2.47	2.52	1.84	2.25	0.70	4	0.70	1.83	2.52	NM	0	1.94	1.74	2.98	0.90	4	0.90	1.89	2.98
NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA
124	104	114	120	4	104	116	124	6380	5930	5960	4720	4	4720	5748	6380	NM	0	226	265	217	232	4	217	235	265
48	49	50	47	4	47	49	50	220	207	211	172	4	172	203	220	NM	0	73	77	73	80	4	73	76	80
216	175	170	203	4	170	191	216	399	402	443	363	4	363	402	443	NM	0	146	135	138	156	4	135	144	156
97	69	64	72	4	64	76	97	728	695	682	550	4	550	664	728	NM	0	96	78	72	83	4	72	82	96
277	203	171	238	4	171	222	277	10700	9660	9520	8800	4	8800	9670	10700	NM	0	357	335	275	287	4	275	314	357
128	101	145	191	4	101	141	191	1450	1420	1000	1280	4	1000	1288	1450	NM	0	36	42	66	82	4	36	57	82
			-							-						-					-				
NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA
746	717	701	750	4	701	729	750	361	405	437	416	4	361	405	437	NM	0	921	933	1010	893	4	893	939	1010
0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	4	0.4	0.4	0.5	NM	0	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	4	0.6	0.7	0.7
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	4	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	4	0.05	0.05	0.05	NM	0	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	4	0.05	0.05	0.05
			-								-		-			-			-		-				
0.38	0.26	0.16	0.17	4	0.16	0.24	0.38	0.05	7.25	0.50	0.05	4	0.05	1.96	7.25	NM	0	3.76	7.23	0.45	0.43	4	0.43	2.97	7.23
0.201	0.194	0.162	0.191	4	0.162	0.187	0.201	0.089	0.107	0.085	0.071	4	0.071	0.088	0.107	NM	0	0.222	0.248	0.136	0.175	4	0.136	0.195	0.248
			-							-			-			-			-		-				
0.01	0.19	0.22	0.5	4	0.01	0.23	0.50	0.08	0.34	0.05	0.42	4	0.05	0.22	0.42	NM	0	0.07	0.61	0.62	0.63	4	0.07	0.48	0.63
12.10	30.30	19.40	17.20	4	12.10	19.75	30.30	43.20	40.80	30.80	39.00	4	30.80	38.45	43.20	NM	0	45.70	28.40	37.30	31.50	4	28.40	35.73	45.70
NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA
36	28	35	34	4	28	33	36	14	9	13	13	4	9	12	14	NM	0	54	40	41	36	4	36	43	54
32	32	34	33	4	32	33	34	13	11	13	14	4	11	13	14	NM	0	48	40	39	37	4	37	41	48
NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA

#### Notes:

1. Trigger value is an indicative interim working level only (IIWL).

2. Ammonia trigger value at pH = 8.0, 95% PL, corrected to pH = 7.3.

3. Trigger value for total nitrogen for lowland rivers in SE Australia.

4. Trigger value for oxides of nitrogen (NOx) for marine ecosystems, NSW.

5. Trigger value for total phosphorus in lowland rivers in NSW.

6. Trigger value for total phosphorus in marine ecosystems in NSW.

7. Trigger value for 95% protection level

a. Reference only, not directly applicable to groundwater.

#### Earth2Water Pty, Ltd

#### Table GW-1: Summary 2011/12 Analytical Results - Minnamurra Waste Disposal Depot

MD 9C 2/11/11	MD 9C 2/02/12	MD 9C 30/05/12	MD 9C 9/08/12	No. Samples	Min	Mean	Max	MD10A 9/08/12	No. Samples	MD 10B 2/11/11	MD 10B 2/02/12	MD 10B 30/05/12	MD 10B 9/08/12	No. Samples	Min	Mean	Max
2/11/11 NM	2/02/12 NM	NM	9/06/12 NM	0	NA	NA	NA	9/06/12 NM	0	2/11/11 NM	2/02/12 NM	NM	9/06/12 NM	0	NA	NA	NA
0.95	0.90	0.89	0.97	4	0.89	0.93	0.97	0.62	0	0.65	0.78	0.64	0.64	4	0.64	0.68	0.78
0.95 NM	0.90 NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	0.02 NM	0	NM	NM	NM	0.04 NM	0	NA	NA	NA
7.0	7.1	6.8	6.9	4	6.8	7.0	7.1	NM	0	7.6	7.5	7.4	7.3	4	7.3	7.5	7.6
18.1	19.8	17.7	14.8	4	14.8	17.6	19.8	NM	0	18.6	21.2	17.4	15.3	4	15.3	18.1	21.2
5.90	4.53	3.46	3.0	4	3.0	4.22	5.90	NM	0	2.53	2.44	2.05	2.0	4	2.0	2.26	2.53
1.20	1.69	3.79	1.00	4	1.00	1.92	3.79	NM	0	1.45	1.19	3.21	0.90	4	0.90	1.69	3.21
NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA
				÷													
555	473	354	286	4	286	417	555	NM	0	141	167	150	136	4	136	149	167
153	154	131	113	4	113	138	154	NM	0	85	91	86	85	4	85	87	91
235	212	218	200	4	200	216	235	NM	0	121	128	120	113	4	113	121	128
124	105	107	97	4	97	108	124	NM	0	67	55	51	50	4	50	56	67
1040	863	655	683	4	655	810	1040	NM	0	267	275	236	258	4	236	259	275
10	10	10	10	4	10	10	10	NM	0	36	47	44	75	4	36	51	75
																•	
NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA
1300	1370	1350	1170	4	1170	1298	1370	NM	0	758	850	842	814	4	758	816	850
0.3	0.5	0.3	0.3	4	0.3	0.4	0.5	NM	0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.9	4	0.8	0.9	0.9
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	4	0.05	0.05	0.05	NM	0	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	4	0.05	0.05	0.05
4.08	5.48	0.85	1.77	4	0.85	3.05	5.48	NM	0	0.26	0.06	0.08	0.13	4	0.06	0.13	0.26
0.518	0.512	0.644	0.727	4	0.512	0.600	0.727	NM	0	0.186	0.196	0.189	0.214	4	0.186	0.196	0.214
0.20	8.17	0.10	0.17	4	0.10	2.16	8.17	NM	0	0.01	0.26	0.01	0.07	4	0.01	0.09	0.26
67.70	101.00	78.50	82.80	4	67.70	82.50	101.00	NM	0	54.20	71.60	51.80	72.80	4	51.80	62.60	72.80
NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA
147	99	94	97	4	94	109	147	NM	0	56	45	51	51	4	45	51	56
158	100	94	93	4	93	111	158	NM	0	57	42	50	51	4	42	50	57
NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA	NM	0	NM	NM	NM	NM	0	NA	NA	NA

#### Notes:

4

1. Trigger value is an indicative interim working level only (IIWL).

2. Ammonia trigger value at pH = 8.0, 95% PL, corrected to pH = 7.3.

3. Trigger value for total nitrogen for lowland rivers in SE Australia.

4. Trigger value for oxides of nitrogen (NOx) for marine ecosystems, NSW.

5. Trigger value for total phosphorus in lowland rivers in NSW.

6. Trigger value for total phosphorus in marine ecosystems in NSW.

7. Trigger value for 95% protection level

a. Reference only, not directly applicable to groundwater.

#### Earth2Water Pty, Ltd

#### Table SW-1: Summary Analytical Report - Surface Water (2011-12)

#### Table SW-1 Minnamurra Waste Disposal Depot (Rocklow Creek)

Sample ID	ANZEC	C, 2000	Rocklow Up	Rocklow Mid	<b>Rocklow Down</b>	<b>Rocklow Up</b>	<b>Rocklow Mid</b>	<b>Rocklow Down</b>	Rocklow Up	<b>Rocklow Mid</b>	<b>Rocklow Down</b>	<b>Rocklow Up</b>	Roc
Field Measurements	Freshwater	Marine	2/11/11	2/11/11	2/11/11	2/02/12	2/02/12	2/02/12	30/05/12	30/05/12	30/05/12	9/08/12	9
pH (field)	6.5-8.0	8-8.4	7.5	7.4	No Access	7.7	7.4	No Access	6.9	6.8	No Access	7.3	
Temperature			18.3	18.4	-	19.2	18.4	-	10.9	12.5	-	11.5	
Electrical Conductivity (mS/cm)	0.125-2.2		0.917	7.38	-	12.00	22.70	-	2.23	17.60	-	0.005	(
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	8.5-11.0	9.0-10.0	7.10	6.52	-	6.54	5.39	-	13.60	7.77	-	4.80	
Turbidity (NTU)	6-50 (a)	0.5-10	NM	NM	-	NM	NM	-	NM	NM	-	NM	
Laboratory Analyses (mg/L)												-	
Sodium (ICP)			112	1310	-	2340	4850	-	500	4800	-	1110	
Potassium (ICP)			5	51	-	96	196	-	20	180	-	43	
Calcium (ICP)			29	71	-	126	214	-	48	190	-	78	
Magnesium (ICP)			20	144	-	270	550	-	61	508	-	141	
Chloride			196	2140	-	3870	7780	-	812	6020	-	2060	
Sulphate (SO4)			37	315	-	451	1010	-	153	681	-	312	
Water Parameters (mg/L)													
Hardness (as CaCO3)			108	144	-	171	196	-	130	178	-	144	
Fluoride			0.1	0.4	-	0.5	0.8	-	0.2	0.7	-	0.3	
Phenols		0.40	0.05	0.05	-	0.05	0.05	-	0.05	0.05	-	0.05	
Metals (mg/L)													
Iron (ICP)	0.3 (1)		0.3	0.31	-	0.33	0.90	-	0.55	0.5	-	1.12	
Manganese (ICP)	1.90		0.113	0.135	-	0.541	0.921	-	0.163	0.116	-	0.245	
Nutrients (mg/L)													
Total Phosphorus (TP)	0.05 (5)	0.025 (6)	NM	NM	-	NM	NM	-	NM	NM	-	NM	
Total Nitrogen	0.5 (3)	0.12 (4)	NM	NM	-	NM	NM	-	NM	NM	-	NM	
Nitrate (NO3 as N)	0.7 (7)		0.01	0.08	-	0.02	0.01	-	0.01	0.13	-	0.14	
Ammonia (NH3 as N)	1.88 (2)	2.84 (2)	0.03	0.31	-	0.14	0.58	-	0.01	1.06	-	0.04	
Ammonia Increment (from Upper to Lower Rocklow Creek)			-	-	NA	-	-	NA	-	-	NA	-	
Ammonia Increment (from Upper to Middle Rocklow Creek)			-	0.28	-	-	0.44	-	-	1.06	-	-	
Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC)			10	11	-	10	8	-	9	8	-	9	
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)			10	12		9	9	-	9	8	-	9	
Notes:			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	

1. Trigger value is an indicative interim working level only (IIWL).

2. Ammonia trigger value at pH = 8.0, 95% PL, corrected to pH = 7.3.

3. Trigger value for total nitrogen for lowland rivers in SE Australia. 4. Trigger value for oxides of nitrogen (NOx) for marine ecosystems, NSW. 5. Trigger value for total phosphorus in lowland rivers in NSW.

6. Trigger value for total phosphorus in marine ecosystems in NSW.

7. Trigger value for 95% protection level NM=NOT Measured, NA=Not Available

<LOR converted to LOR for statistic purposes</pre>

Execcedance of IIWL values or fresh water not highlighted except for ammonia level. Ammonia exceeds ANZECC (2000) freshwater trigger value

Exceeds ANZECC (2000) marine trigger value

Rocklow Mid	Rocklow Down
9/08/12	9/08/12
6.9	No Access
12.3	-
0.018	-
2.20	-
NM	-
3080	-
127	-
154	-
407	-
6710	-
874	-
	•
194	-
0.7	-
0.05	-
	-
0.36	-
0.152	-
NM	-
NM	-
0.26	-
1.91	-
-	NA
1.87	-
9	-
9	-

Prepared by JR Checked by DP

Earth2Water Pty, Ltd

Table SW-2: Rocklow Creek - Historical Ammonia Concentrations (mg/L) (1999 - 2012)

#### Table SW-2: Rocklow Creek - Historical Ammonia Concentrations (mg/L) (1999 - 2012)

Sample ID	6/05/1999	17/08/1999	2/12/2000	28/02/2000	11/05/2000	10/08/2000	21/11/2000	15/02/2001	17/05/2001	16/08/2001	13/11/2001	22/02/2002	8/04/2002	19/08/2002	14/11/2002	11/02/2003	12/06/2003	22/08/2003	20/11/2003	17/02/2004	12/05/2004	11/08/2004	7/12/2004	2/02/2005	4/05/2005	16/08/2005
Upper Rocklow (mg/L)	0.16	< 0.02	0.10	0.16	0.03	0.06	0.04	0.10	0.22	0.35	0.18	0.10	0.07	0.13	0.06	0.01	0.11	0.14	0.03	0.17	0.28	0.03	0.22	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.06
Middle Rocklow (mg/L)																										
Lower Rocklow (mg/L)	1.00	0.65	2.07	1.74	0.57	1.34	0.26	0.56	0.69	0.42	0.24	0.64	1.11	2.00	1.60	0.51	0.13	1.40	1.70	0.38	0.55	0.65	0.92	< 0.02	0.31	1.40
Net Increment (mg/L)	0.84	0.64	1.97	1.58	0.54	1.28	0.22	0.46	0.47	0.07	0.06	0.54	1.04	1.87	1.54	0.50	0.02	1.26	1.67	0.21	0.27	0.62	0.70	NA	0.30	1.34

Sample ID	9/11/2005	28/02/2006	30/05/2006	30/08/2006	27/11/2006	26/02/2007	22/05/2007	21/08/2007	20/11/2007	21/02/2008	28/05/2008	26/08/2008	25/11/2008	16/02/2009	18/05/2009	28/08/2009	27/11/2009	26/02/2010	20/05/2010	17/08/2010	29/11/2010	25/02/2011	23/05/2011	23/08/2011	2/11/2011	2/02/2012	30/05/2012	9/08/2012
Upper Rocklow (mg/L)	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.22	0.09	0.39	0.66	0.41	0.32	0.39	<0.1	0.27	0.12	< 0.1	0.56	0.12	0.15	0.10	0.20	<0.1	0.05	0.30	<0.1	0.01	0.05	0.03	0.14	< 0.01	0.04
Middle Rocklow (mg/L)														0.56	0.61	0.38	0.80	<0.1	<0.1	0.27	0.33	5.65	0.56	0.20	0.31	0.58	1.06	1.91
Lower Rocklow (mg/L)	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.64	0.90	1.20	0.32	0.62	0.48	1.60	NM	1.60	1.20	0.16	0.66	0.30	0.21	0.60	<0.1	<0.1	0.42	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
Net Increment (mg/L)	NA	NA	0.42	0.81	0.81	(0.34)	0.21	0.16	1.21	NA	1.33	1.08	NA	0.10	0.18	0.06	0.50	NA	NA	0.37	0.03	5.55	0.55	0.15	0.28	0.44	1.06	1.87

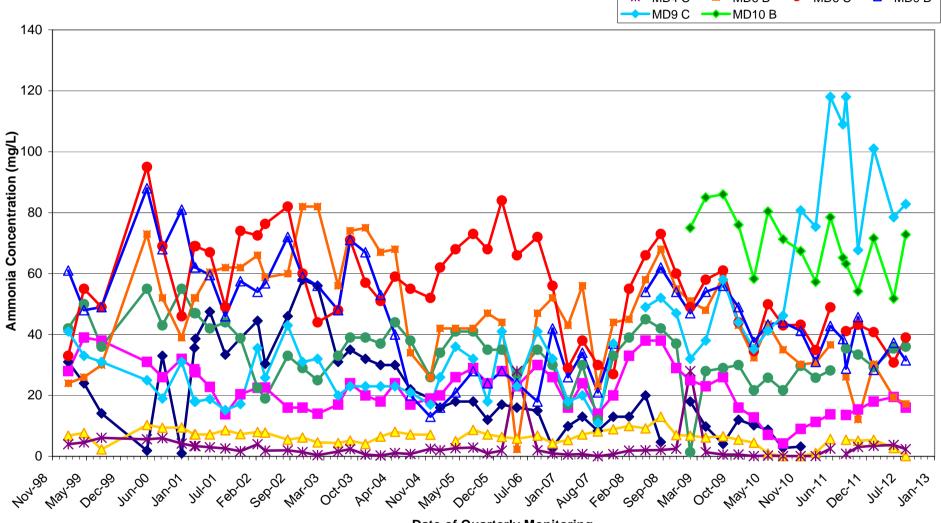
#### Legend

NA = Not Analysed

Note: Rocklow Down was inacceessible during the 2010-2012 monitoring periods



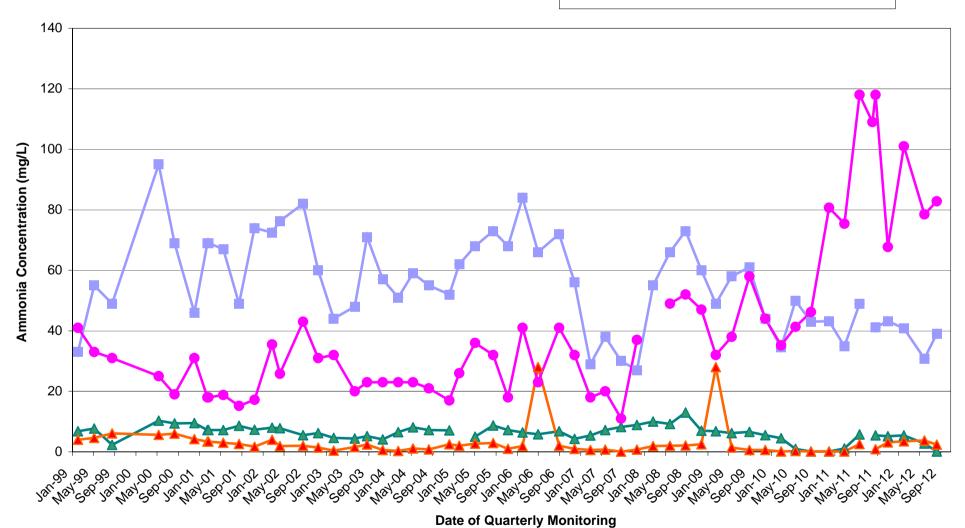
# Graphs



Graph-1: Groundwater Ammonia Concentrations (mg/L) All Wells (1999 to 2012)

→ MD1 B → MD2 B → MD2 C → MD4 B ★ MD4 C → MD6 B → MD6 C → MD9 B → MD9 C → MD10 B

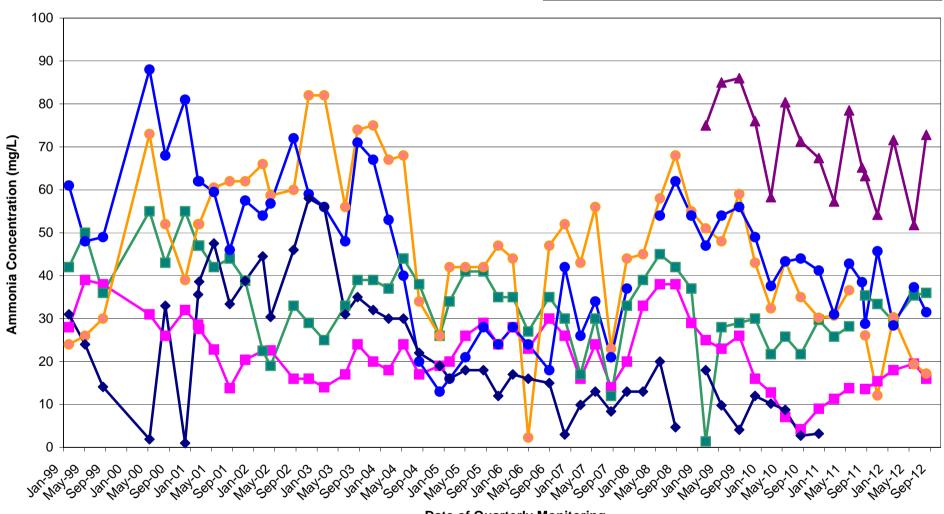
Date of Quarterly Monitoring



## Graph-2: Deep Groundwater Ammonia Trends (1999 - 2012)

→ MD2 C → MD4 C → MD6 C → MD9 C

Minnamurra GW Graphs 1-3, 4 JAJR 14.11.12



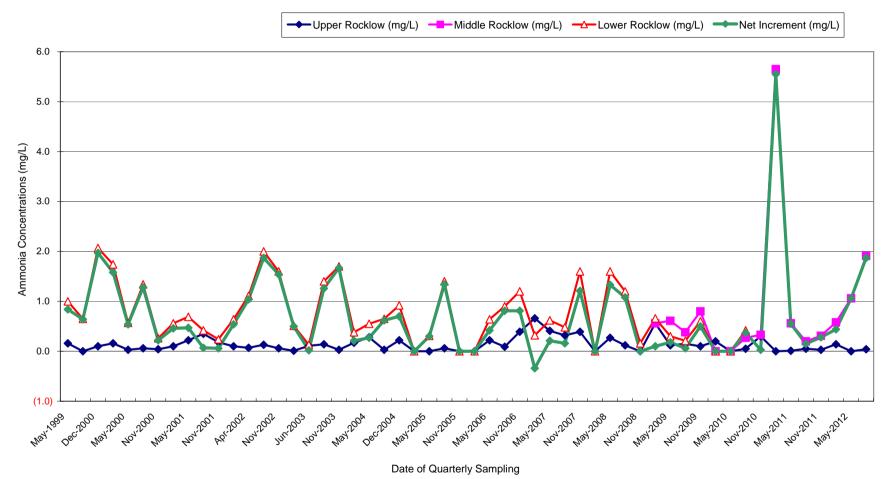
MD2 B

----MD9 B

## Graph-3: Shallow Groundwater Ammonia Trends (1999 - 2012)

Date of Quarterly Monitoring

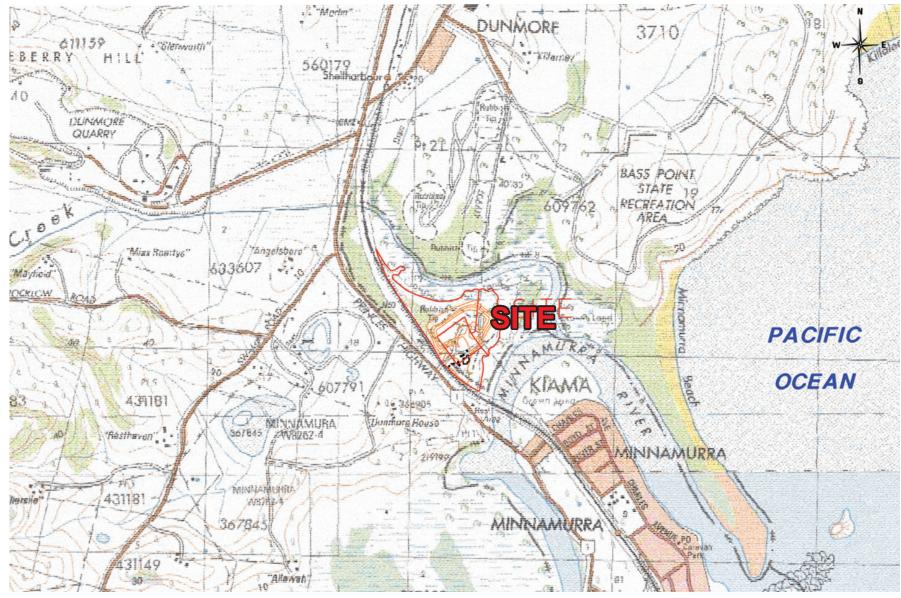






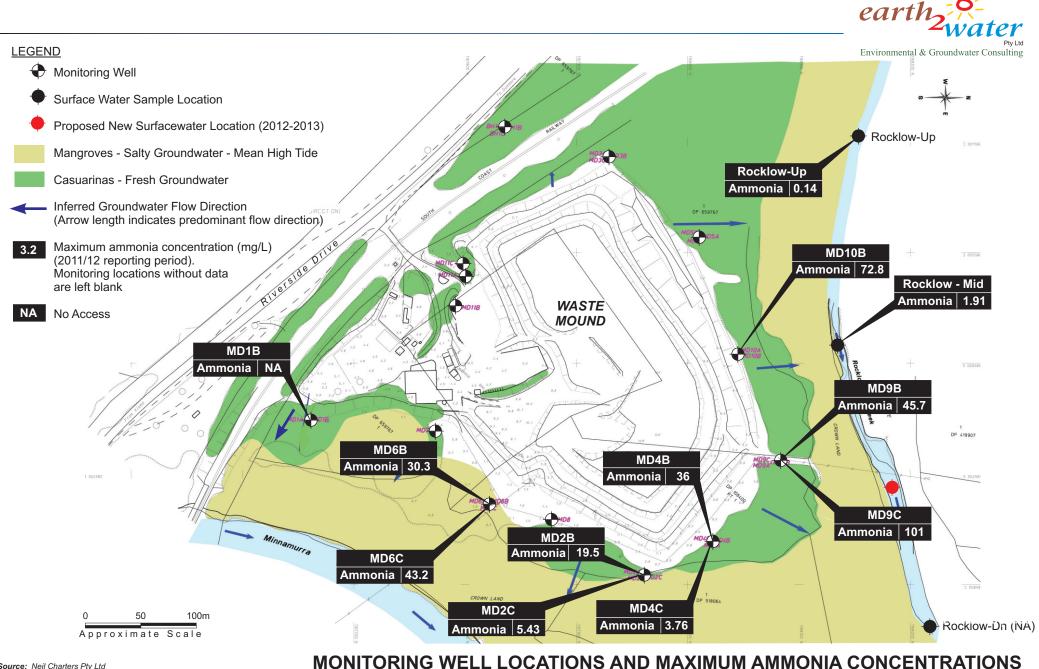
# Figures





# SITE LOCATION

KIAMA COUNCIL - MINNAMURRA ANNUAL MONITORING REPORT (2011-2012)



#### Source: Neil Charters Pty Ltd

KIAMA COUNCIL - MINNAMURRA ANNUAL MONITORING REPORT (2011-2012)

Date: 7 November 2012

Figure 2



# Appendix A

 $-e_2W$ 

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY & TESTING SERVICES

# (ALS)

## Environmental Division

# CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order	EW1103264	Page	: 1 of 10
Client		Laboratory	: Environmental Division NSW South Coast
Contact	: MS JULIE MILEVSKI	Contact	: Glenn Davies
Address	11 MANNING STREET	Address	: 99 Kenny Street, Wollongong 2500
	KIAMA NSW, AUSTRALIA 2533		Unit 4 / 13 Geary Place, PO Box 3105, North Nowra 2541 AUSTRALIA
E-mail	: juliem@kiama.nsw.gov.au	E-mail	: glenn.davies@alsglobal.com
Telephone	: +61 02 4232 0444	Telephone	: 02 4225 3125
acsimile	: +61 02 4232 0555	Facsimile	: 02 4225 3128
Project	: Minnamurra Landfill	QC Level	: NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
Order number	:		
C-O-C number	:	Date Samples Received	: 02-NOV-2011
Sampler	: Craig Wilson	Issue Date	: 10-NOV-2011
Site			
		No. of samples received	: 19
Quote number	: Minnamurra Landfill SY/146/10	No. of samples analysed	: 19

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results



This document is issued in accordance with NATA accreditation requirements.

NATA Accredited Laboratory 825

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025.

Signatories This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories indicated below. Electronic signing has been carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Ankit Joshi	Inorganic Chemist	Sydney Inorganics
Celine Conceicao	Senior Spectroscopist	Sydney Inorganics
Evie.Sidarta	Inorganic Chemist	Sydney Inorganics
Glenn Davies	Environmental Services Representative	Laboratory - Wollongong
Sarah Millington	Senior Inorganic Chemist	Sydney Inorganics

Environmental Division NSW South Coast Part of the **ALS Laboratory Group** 99 Kenny Street, Wollongong 2500 Unit 4 / 13 Geary Place, PO Box 3105, North Nowra 2541 A Campbell Brothers Limited Company



#### **General Comments**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insuffient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Key : CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society. LOR = Limit of reporting ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

• ED041G: LOR raised for SO4 analysis on sample ID:MD 9C due to sample matrix.

- EG020: Particular sample(s) were diluted and reanalysed due to matrix interference(s) caused by high salinity. LORs have been raised accordingly.
- EP002: It has been noted that DOC is greater than TOC for various samples, however, these differences are within the limits of experimental variation.
- Sites MD2A, MD4A, MD6A, MD9A and MD10A Dry at time of sampling.



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	MD 1B	MD 2A	MD 2B	MD 2C	MD 4A
	Cli	ent samplir	ng date / time	02-NOV-2011 07:45	02-NOV-2011 08:35	02-NOV-2011 08:30	02-NOV-2011 08:45	02-NOV-2011 09:00
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1103264-001	EW1103264-002	EW1103264-003	EW1103264-004	EW1103264-005
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L			<1	<1	
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L			<1	<1	
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L			678	456	
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L			678	456	
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as S0	O4 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L			1040	2080	
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L			7880	14800	
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L			316	425	
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L			556	996	
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L			4600	8970	
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L			204	344	
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L			0.061	0.182	
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L			0.17	1.56	
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L			0.8	0.7	
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete A	Analyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L			15.4	5.15	
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Ana	lvser							
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L			<0.01	<0.01	
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Ana	alvser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L			2.93	0.10	
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NO		vsor						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L			2.93	0.10	
EN055: Ionic Balance			5					
Total Anions		0.01	meg/L			257	470	
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L			267	502	
Ionic Balance		0.01	%			1.77	3.30	
EN67 PK: Field Tests								
pH		0.1	pH Unit			7.5	7.1	
Electrical Conductivity (Non		1	µS/cm			21700	41000	
Compensated)			·					
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L			2.14	2.60	
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation			22.5	27.3	



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	MD 1B	MD 2A	MD 2B	MD 2C	MD 4A
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	02-NOV-2011 07:45	02-NOV-2011 08:35	02-NOV-2011 08:30	02-NOV-2011 08:45	02-NOV-2011 09:00
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1103264-001	EW1103264-002	EW1103264-003	EW1103264-004	EW1103264-005
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
Temperature		0.1	°C			16.8	16.8	
Salinity		0.2	g/L			15.8	31.8	
Depth		0.01	m			0.70	0.74	
Field Observations		0.01		NO ACCESS	INUFFICENT SAMPLE			INUFFICENT SAMPLE
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC)								
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L			39	21	
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L			35	22	
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Analyse	r							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L			<0.05	<0.05	



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	MD 4B	MD 4C	MD 6A	MD 6B	MD 6C
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	02-NOV-2011 08:55	02-NOV-2011 09:10	02-NOV-2011 08:05	02-NOV-2011 08:00	02-NOV-2011 08:15
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1103264-006	EW1103264-007	EW1103264-008	EW1103264-009	EW1103264-010
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L	<1	<1		<1	<1
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L	<1	<1		<1	<1
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L	738	663		746	361
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L	738	663		746	361
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as S	O4 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L	367	1860		128	1450
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L	2750	13800		277	10700
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L	288	412		216	399
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L	227	959		97	728
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L	1290	8420		124	6380
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L	117	334		48	220
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L	0.060	0.199		0.201	0.089
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L	0.13	1.90		0.38	<0.05
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L	0.6	0.8		0.3	0.5
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete	Analyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L	33.4	3.11		12.1	43.2
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Ana	alvser							
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L	<0.01	<0.01		<0.01	<0.01
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete An	alvser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L	3.05	0.04		<0.01	0.08
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NC		lveor						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L	3.05	0.04		<0.01	0.08
EN055: Ionic Balance			5					
Total Anions		0.01	meg/L	100	441		25.4	339
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L	92.2	474		25.4	363
Ionic Balance		0.01	%	4.06	3.59		0.01	3.37
EN67 PK: Field Tests								
pH		0.1	pH Unit	7.5	7.0		7.0	7.3
Electrical Conductivity (Non		1	µS/cm	9860	38400		2310	29500
Compensated)								
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L	2.35	1.93		2.47	2.52
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation	24.5	20.1		26.2	26.9



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Cli	ent sample ID	MD 4B	MD 4C	MD 6A	MD 6B	MD 6C
	Cl	ient sampli	ing date / time	02-NOV-2011 08:55	02-NOV-2011 09:10	02-NOV-2011 08:05	02-NOV-2011 08:00	02-NOV-2011 08:15
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1103264-006	EW1103264-007	EW1103264-008	EW1103264-009	EW1103264-010
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
Temperature		0.1	°C	16.6	16.3		17.4	17.6
Salinity		0.2	g/L	6.7	29.9		<2.0	21.6
Depth		0.01	m	1.15	1.18		1.26	1.39
Field Observations		0.01				INUFFICENT SAMPLE		
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC)								
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L	38	29		36	14
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L	38	28		32	13
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Analyse	r							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L	<0.05	<0.05		<0.05	<0.05



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	MD 9A	MD 9B	MD 9C	MD 10A	MD 10B
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	02-NOV-2011 10:05	02-NOV-2011 10:00	02-NOV-2011 10:15	02-NOV-2011 09:40	02-NOV-2011 09:45
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1103264-011	EW1103264-012	EW1103264-013	EW1103264-014	EW1103264-015
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L		<1	<1		<1
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L		<1	<1		<1
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L		921	1300		758
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L		921	1300		758
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as S	04 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L		36	<10		36
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L		357	1040		267
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L		146	235		121
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L		96	124		67
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L		226	555		141
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L		73	153		85
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS	6							
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L		0.222	0.518		0.186
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L		3.76	4.08		0.26
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L		0.6	0.3		0.9
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete	Analyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L		45.7	67.7		54.2
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Ana								
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L		<0.01	0.02		<0.01
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete An	alvser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L		0.07	0.20		0.01
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NO		lysor	U.S. C.S. C.S. C.S. C.S. C.S. C.S. C.S.					
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L		0.07	0.22		0.01
EN055: Ionic Balance			3					
Total Anions		0.01	meg/L		29.2	55.3		23.4
Total Cations		0.01	meg/L		26.9			
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L			54.8		23.7
Ionic Balance		0.01	%		4.17			
Ionic Balance		0.01	%			0.42		0.64
EN67 PK: Field Tests								
pH		0.1	pH Unit		7.3	7.0		7.6
Electrical Conductivity (Non		1	μS/cm		2880	5900		2530
Compensated)								



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Cli	ent sample ID	MD 9A	MD 9B	MD 9C	MD 10A	MD 10B
	Cl	ient sampli	ing date / time	02-NOV-2011 10:05	02-NOV-2011 10:00	02-NOV-2011 10:15	02-NOV-2011 09:40	02-NOV-2011 09:45
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1103264-011	EW1103264-012	EW1103264-013	EW1103264-014	EW1103264-015
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L		1.94	1.20		1.45
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation		20.6	13.0		15.9
Temperature		0.1	°C		17.5	18.1		18.6
Salinity		0.2	g/L		<2.0	3.7		<2.0
Depth		0.01	m		0.93	0.95		0.65
Field Observations		0.01		INUFFICENT SAMPLE			INUFFICENT SAMPLE	
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC)								
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		54	147		56
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		48	158		57
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Analyse	ə <b>r</b>							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L		<0.05	<0.05		<0.05



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	Rocklow Down	Rocklow Middle	Rocklow Up	Blank	
	Cli	ient sampli	ng date / time	02-NOV-2011 09:55	02-NOV-2011 09:30	02-NOV-2011 07:25	02-NOV-2011 07:00	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1103264-016	EW1103264-017	EW1103264-018	EW1103264-019	
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L		<1	<1		
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L		<1	<1		
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L		144	108		
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L		144	108		
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4	2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L		315	37		
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L		2140	196		
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L				<1	
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L				<1	
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L				<1	
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L				<1	
ED093T: Total Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L		71	29		
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L		144	20		
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L		1310	112		
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L		51	5		
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L				<0.001	
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L				<0.05	
EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L		0.135	0.113		
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L		0.31	0.30		
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L		0.4	0.1		
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete Ana	alyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L		0.31	0.03		
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analys	ser							
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L		<0.01	<0.01		
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analy	/ser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L		0.08	<0.01		
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx)	by Discrete Ana	lyser						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L		0.08	<0.01		
EN67 PK: Field Tests								
рН		0.1	pH Unit		7.4	7.5		
	I			1	1			



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Cli	ient sample ID	Rocklow Down	Rocklow Middle	Rocklow Up	Blank	
	Ci	lient sampl	ing date / time	02-NOV-2011 09:55	02-NOV-2011 09:30	02-NOV-2011 07:25	02-NOV-2011 07:00	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1103264-016	EW1103264-017	EW1103264-018	EW1103264-019	
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)		1	µS/cm		7380	917		
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L		6.52	7.10		
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation		70.3	76.7		
Temperature		0.1	°C		18.4	18.3		
Salinity		0.2	g/L		4.7	<2.0		
Field Observations		0.01		NO ACCESS				
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC)								
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		11	10	<1	
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		12	10		
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Analys	er							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L		<0.05	<0.05		





# CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order	EW1200284	Page	: 1 of 10
Client		Laboratory	: Environmental Division NSW South Coast
Contact	: MS JULIE MILEVSKI	Contact	: Glenn Davies
Address	: 11 MANNING STREET	Address	: 99 Kenny Street, Wollongong 2500
	KIAMA NSW, AUSTRALIA 2533		Unit 4 / 13 Geary Place, PO Box 3105, North Nowra 2541
			AUSTRALIA
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Telephone	: +61 02 4232 0444	Telephone	: 02 4225 3125
Facsimile	: +61 02 4232 0555	Facsimile	: 02 4225 3128
Project	: Minnamurra Landfill	QC Level	: NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
Order number	:		
C-O-C number	:	Date Samples Received	: 02-FEB-2012
Sampler	: Craig Wilson	Issue Date	: 14-FEB-2012
Site	:		
		No. of samples received	: 19
Quote number	: Minnamurra Landfill WL/083/11	No. of samples analysed	: 19

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

	NATA Accredited Laboratory 825	<i>Signatories</i> This document has been ele	ectronically signed by the authorized signatories	indicated below. Electronic signi	ng has been		
NATA	Accredited for compliance with	carried out in compliance with pro	cedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.				
NAIA	ISO/IEC 17025.	Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category			
		Ankit Joshi	Inorganic Chemist	Sydney Inorganics			
		Celine Conceicao	Senior Spectroscopist	Sydney Inorganics			
WORLD RECOGNISED		Glenn Davies	Environmental Services Representative	Laboratory - Wollongong			
		Raymond Commodor	Instrument Chemist	Sydney Inorganics			
		Sarah Millington	Senior Inorganic Chemist	Sydney Inorganics			

Address 99 Kenny Street, Wollongong 2500

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#### **General Comments**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Key : CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society. LOR = Limit of reporting ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

- ED041G: LOR raised for SO4 analysis on sample ID: MD 9C due to sample matrix
- EG020: LCS recoveries for particular element(s) fall outside ALS Dynamic control limit, however, they are within the acceptance criteria based on ALS DQO. No further action is required.
- EG020: Some samples were diluted and rerun due to matrix interference and LOR's have been raised accordingly. (High sample salinity)
- Sites MD 1B & Rocklow Down No Access (overgrown) Sites MD 2A, MD 4A, MD 6A, MD 9A & MD 10A - Dry at time of sampling.
- Sites MD2A, MD4A, MD6A, MD9A and MD10A Dry at time of sampling.



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	MD 1B	MD 2A	MD 2B	MD 2C	MD 4A
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	02-FEB-2012 10:35	02-FEB-2012 08:45	02-FEB-2012 08:40	02-FEB-2012 08:50	02-FEB-2012 09:10
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1200284-001	EW1200284-002	EW1200284-003	EW1200284-004	EW1200284-005
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L			<1	<1	
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L			18	<1	
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L			726	530	
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L			744	530	
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4	4 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L			942	2020	
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L			7320	14900	
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L			379	429	
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L			521	1010	
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L			4430	9250	
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L			202	366	
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L			0.071	0.199	
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L			0.40	3.33	
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L			0.7	0.6	
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete Ar	nalyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L			18.0	5.43	
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analy	/ser							•
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L			0.06	<0.01	
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Anal	vser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L			1.27	0.33	
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx	) by Discrete Ana	lvser						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L			1.33	0.33	
EN055: Ionic Balance								
Total Anions		0.01	meq/L			241	473	
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L			260	516	
Ionic Balance		0.01	%			3.72	4.36	
EN67 PK: Field Tests								
рН		0.1	pH Unit			7.2	7.0	
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)		1	μS/cm			19000	40600	
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L			1.95	1.48	



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Cli	ent sample ID	MD 1B	MD 2A	MD 2B	MD 2C	MD 4A
	C	ient sampl	ing date / time	02-FEB-2012 10:35	02-FEB-2012 08:45	02-FEB-2012 08:40	02-FEB-2012 08:50	02-FEB-2012 09:10
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1200284-001	EW1200284-002	EW1200284-003	EW1200284-004	EW1200284-005
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation			21.2	16.1	
Temperature		0.1	°C			18.2	17.8	
Salinity		0.2	g/L			13.2	30.7	
Depth		0.01	m			0.70	0.77	
Field Observations		0.01		NO ACCESS	DRY			DRY
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC	;)							
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L			34	17	
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L			37	19	
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Analy	ser							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L			<0.05	<0.05	



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	MD 4B	MD 4C	MD 6A	MD 6B	MD 6C
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	02-FEB-2012 09:05	08-FEB-2012 09:15	02-FEB-2012 08:20	02-FEB-2012 08:15	02-FEB-2012 08:25
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1200284-006	EW1200284-007	EW1200284-008	EW1200284-009	EW1200284-010
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L	<1	<1		<1	<1
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L	<1	<1		<1	<1
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L	748	786		717	405
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L	748	786		717	405
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4	2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L	340	1840		101	1420
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L	3050	13700		203	9660
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L	284	442		175	402
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L	212	911		69	695
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L	1460	8050		104	5930
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L	122	328		49	207
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L	0.060	0.204		0.194	0.107
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L	0.22	1.76		0.26	7.25
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L	0.6	0.7		0.4	0.4
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete An	alyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L	29.3	3.48		30.3	40.8
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analy	ser							-
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L	0.07	<0.01		0.04	0.18
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analy	vser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L	2.85	<0.01		0.19	0.34
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx)	) by Discrete Ana	lyser						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L	2.92	<0.01		0.23	0.52
EN055: Ionic Balance								
Total Anions		0.01	meq/L	108	440		22.2	310
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L	98.2	456		20.2	340
Ionic Balance		0.01	%	4.76	1.67		4.63	4.65
EN67 PK: Field Tests								
рН		0.1	pH Unit	7.4	6.9		6.9	7.0
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)		1	μS/cm	8930	37900		1960	28600
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L	1.86	1.46		2.03	1.84



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Cli	ent sample ID	MD 4B	MD 4C	MD 6A	MD 6B	MD 6C
	Ci	lient sampl	ing date / time	02-FEB-2012 09:05	08-FEB-2012 09:15	02-FEB-2012 08:20	02-FEB-2012 08:15	02-FEB-2012 08:25
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1200284-006	EW1200284-007	EW1200284-008	EW1200284-009	EW1200284-010
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation	19.9	15.5		22.0	19.9
Temperature		0.1	°C	17.7	17.2		18.5	18.3
Salinity		0.2	g/L	5.9	28.8		<2.0	20.6
Depth		0.01	m	1.15	1.20		1.29	1.38
Field Observations		0.01				DRY		
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC	;)							
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L	32	24		28	9
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L	39	28		32	11
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Analy	/ser							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L	<0.05	<0.05		<0.05	<0.05



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	MD 9A	MD 9B	MD 9C	MD 10A	MD 10B
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	02-FEB-2012 10:15	02-FEB-2012 10:10	02-FEB-2012 10:20	02-FEB-2012 09:55	02-FEB-2012 09:50
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1200284-011	EW1200284-012	EW1200284-013	EW1200284-014	EW1200284-015
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L		<1	<1		<1
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L		<1	<1		7
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L		933	1370		844
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L		933	1370		850
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4	4 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L		42	<10		47
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L		335	863		275
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L		135	212		128
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L		78	105		55
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L		265	473		167
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L		77	154		91
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L		0.248	0.512		0.196
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L		7.23	5.48		0.06
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L		0.7	0.5		0.9
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete Ar	nalyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L		28.4	101		71.6
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analy	/ser					•		•
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L		0.06	0.04		<0.01
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Anal	vser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L		0.61	8.17		0.26
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx	) by Discrete Ana	lvser						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L		0.67	8.21		0.26
EN055: Ionic Balance								
Total Anions		0.01	meq/L		29.0	51.7		25.7
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L		26.6	51.0		25.6
Ionic Balance		0.01	%		4.17	0.78		0.23
EN67 PK: Field Tests								
рН		0.1	pH Unit		6.9	7.1		7.5
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)		1	µS/cm		2660	4530		2440
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L		1.74	1.69		1.19



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Cli	ent sample ID	MD 9A	MD 9B	MD 9C	MD 10A	MD 10B
	Cl	ient sampl	ing date / time	02-FEB-2012 10:15	02-FEB-2012 10:10	02-FEB-2012 10:20	02-FEB-2012 09:55	02-FEB-2012 09:50
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1200284-011	EW1200284-012	EW1200284-013	EW1200284-014	EW1200284-015
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation		19.1	18.8		13.5
Temperature		0.1	°C		19.1	19.8		21.2
Salinity		0.2	g/L		<2.0	2.7		<2.0
Depth		0.01	m		0.83	0.90		0.78
Field Observations		0.01		DRY			DRY	
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC	;)							
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		40	99		45
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		40	100		42
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Analy	/ser							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L		<0.05	<0.05		< 0.05



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	Rocklow Down	Rocklow Middle	Rocklow Up	Blank	
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	02-FEB-2012 10:05	02-FEB-2012 09:40	02-FEB-2012 07:55	02-FEB-2012 08:05	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1200284-016	EW1200284-017	EW1200284-018	EW1200284-019	
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L		<1	<1		
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L		<1	<1		
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L		196	171		
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L		196	171		
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SC	O4 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L		1010	451		
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L		7780	3870		
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L				<1	
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L				<1	
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L				<1	
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L				<1	
ED093T: Total Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L		214	126		
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L		550	270		
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L		4850	2340		
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L		196	96		
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L				<0.001	
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L				<0.05	
EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L		0.921	0.541		
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L		0.90	0.33		
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L		0.8	0.5		
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete A	Analyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L		0.58	0.14		
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Ana	lyser							
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L		<0.01	<0.01		
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Ana	alyser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L		0.01	0.02		
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NO	x) by Discrete Ana	lvser						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L		0.01	0.02		
EN67 PK: Field Tests								



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Cli	ent sample ID	Rocklow Down	Rocklow Middle	Rocklow Up	Blank	
	Cl	ient sampli	ing date / time	02-FEB-2012 10:05	02-FEB-2012 09:40	02-FEB-2012 07:55	02-FEB-2012 08:05	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1200284-016	EW1200284-017	EW1200284-018	EW1200284-019	
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
рН		0.1	pH Unit		7.4	7.7		
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)		1	µS/cm		22700	12000		
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L		5.39	6.54		
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation		58.3	71.6		
Temperature		0.1	°C		18.4	19.2		
Salinity		0.2	g/L		15.9	7.8		
Field Observations		0.01		NO ACCESS				
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC)								
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		8	10	<1	
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		9	9		
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Analyse	er							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L		<0.05	<0.05		





**Environmental Division** 

	CER	TIFICATE OF ANALYSIS	
Work Order	EW1201520	Page	: 1 of 10
Client		Laboratory	: Environmental Division NSW South Coast
Contact	: MS JULIE MILEVSKI	Contact	: Glenn Davies
Address	: 11 MANNING STREET	Address	: 99 Kenny Street, Wollongong 2500
	KIAMA NSW, AUSTRALIA 2533		Unit 4 / 13 Geary Place, PO Box 3105, North Nowra 2541 AUSTRALIA
E-mail	: juliem@kiama.nsw.gov.au	E-mail	: glenn.davies@alsglobal.com
Telephone	: +61 02 4232 0444	Telephone	: 02 4225 3125
Facsimile	: +61 02 4232 0555	Facsimile	: 02 4225 3128
Project	: Minnamurra Landfill	QC Level	: NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
Order number	:		
C-O-C number	:	Date Samples Received	: 30-MAY-2012
Sampler	: Craig Wilson	Issue Date	: 08-JUN-2012
Site	:		
		No. of samples received	: 19
Quote number	: Minnamurra Landfill WL/083/11	No. of samples analysed	: 19

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

NATA	NATA Accredited Laboratory 825 Accredited for compliance with	Signatories This document has been electronicall carried out in compliance with procedures s	indicated below. Electronic signing has been	
ISO/IEC 17025.		Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
		Ankit Joshi	Inorganic Chemist	Sydney Inorganics
		Celine Conceicao	Senior Spectroscopist	Sydney Inorganics
WORLD RECOGNISED		Glenn Davies	Environmental Services Representative	Laboratory - Wollongong
		Sarah Millington	Senior Inorganic Chemist	Sydney Inorganics

Address 99 Kenny Street, Wollongong 2500 Environmental Division NSW Southicease ସେମନ୍ତ୍ର ସେଡ ସେନ୍ଦ୍ର ନିର୍ଯ୍ୟ କରୁ ଅନୁକର ଅନୁକ



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#### **General Comments**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Key : CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society. LOR = Limit of reporting ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

- ED041G: LOR raised for Sulfate on sample ID (MD 9C) due to sample matrix.
- EG020: Some samples were diluted and rerun due to matrix interference and LOR's have been raised accordingly (Sample Salinity)
- LOR raised for Nitrite & NoX due to sample matrix for sample MD 9C
- Site MD 1B & Rocklow Down No Access too overgrown.
- Sites MD2A, MD4A, MD6A, MD9A and MD10A Dry at time of sampling.



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	MD 1B	MD 2A	MD 2B	MD 2C	MD 4A
	Ci	lient sampli	ng date / time	30-MAY-2012 09:56	30-MAY-2012 08:31	30-MAY-2012 08:33	30-MAY-2012 08:39	30-MAY-2012 08:48
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1201520-001	EW1201520-002	EW1201520-003	EW1201520-004	EW1201520-005
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L			<1	<1	
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L			<1	<1	
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L			812	530	
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L			812	530	
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO	4 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L			777	1800	
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L			6890	15400	
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L			395	459	
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L			501	1080	
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L			4210	9440	
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L			204	383	
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L			0.079	0.164	
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L			0.35	<0.50	
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L			0.7	0.6	
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete Ar	nalvser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L			19.5	2.74	
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analy	vser							
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L			0.01	0.05	
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Anal	vser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L			2.35	1.91	
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx		lysor	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i					
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L			2.36	1.96	
EN055: Ionic Balance								
Total Anions		0.01	meg/L			227	483	
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L			251	532	
Ionic Balance		0.01	%			4.97	4.90	
EN67 PK: Field Tests								I
pH		0.1	pH Unit			7.0	6.9	
Electrical Conductivity (Non		1	μS/cm			17100	34900	
Compensated)			p0/011				0,000	
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L			2.44	2.48	



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Cl	ient sample ID	MD 1B	MD 2A	MD 2B	MD 2C	MD 4A
	Cl	ient sampl	ing date / time	30-MAY-2012 09:56	30-MAY-2012 08:31	30-MAY-2012 08:33	30-MAY-2012 08:39	30-MAY-2012 08:48
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1201520-001	EW1201520-002	EW1201520-003	EW1201520-004	EW1201520-005
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation			26.9	29.6	
Temperature		0.1	°C			16.4	16.1	
Salinity		0.2	g/L			12.3	27.0	
Depth		0.01	m			0.72	0.78	
Field Observations		0.01		NO ACCESS	DRY			DRY
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DO	C)							
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L			39	20	
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L			38	20	
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Anal	yser							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L			<0.05	<0.05	



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	MD 4B	MD 4C	MD 6A	MD 6B	MD 6C
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	30-MAY-2012 08:50	30-MAY-2012 08:58	30-MAY-2012 08:14	30-MAY-2012 08:16	30-MAY-2012 08:24
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1201520-006	EW1201520-007	EW1201520-008	EW1201520-009	EW1201520-010
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L	<1	<1		<1	<1
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L	<1	<1		<1	<1
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L	982	843		701	437
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L	982	843		701	437
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO	4 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L	234	1480		145	1000
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L	1290	12400		171	9520
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L	256	479		170	443
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L	138	878		64	682
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L	729	7500		114	5960
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L	102	323		50	211
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L	0.080	0.368		0.162	0.085
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L	0.23	<0.50		0.16	<0.50
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L	0.5	0.6		0.4	0.4
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete A	nalvser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L	35.4	3.76		19.4	30.8
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Anal	vser							
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L	0.02	0.07		0.24	0.03
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Ana	lvser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L	3.08	0.75		0.22	0.05
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NO	() by Discrete Ana	lvser						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L	3.10	0.82		0.46	0.08
EN055: Ionic Balance								
Total Anions		0.01	meq/L		397		21.8	298
Total Anions		0.01	meq/L	61.1				
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L	61.0	431		21.4	329
Ionic Balance		0.01	%	0.12	4.04		1.13	4.87
EN67 PK: Field Tests								
pH		0.1	pH Unit	7.0	6.8		6.8	6.8
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)		1	μS/cm	4860	28300		1540	22700



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Cli	ent sample ID	MD 4B	MD 4C	MD 6A	MD 6B	MD 6C
	Cl	ient sampli	ing date / time	30-MAY-2012 08:50	30-MAY-2012 08:58	30-MAY-2012 08:14	30-MAY-2012 08:16	30-MAY-2012 08:24
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1201520-006	EW1201520-007	EW1201520-008	EW1201520-009	EW1201520-010
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L	3.19	3.07		2.12	2.25
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation	33.0	35.5		22.1	26.2
Temperature		0.1	°C	16.1	16.2		17.1	18.2
Salinity		0.2	g/L	3.2	21.4		0.9	16.0
Depth		0.01	m	1.33	1.17		1.30	1.40
Field Observations		0.01				0		
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC)								
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L	48	30		35	13
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L	48	30		34	13
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Analys	er							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L	<0.05	<0.05		<0.05	<0.05



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	MD 9A	MD 9B	MD 9C	MD 10A	MD 10B
	Cl	ient sampli	ing date / time	30-MAY-2012 09:30	30-MAY-2012 09:32	30-MAY-2012 09:38	30-MAY-2012 09:07	30-MAY-2012 09:09
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1201520-011	EW1201520-012	EW1201520-013	EW1201520-014	EW1201520-015
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L		<1	<1		<1
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L		<1	<1		<1
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L		1010	1350		842
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L		1010	1350		842
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SC	04 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L		66	<10		44
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L		275	655		236
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L		138	218		120
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L		72	107		51
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L		217	354		150
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L		73	131		86
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L		0.136	0.644		0.189
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L		0.45	0.85		0.08
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L		0.7	0.3		0.8
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete A	nalyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L		37.3	78.5		51.8
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Anal	lyser							
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L		0.02	<0.10		<0.01
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Ana	llyser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L		0.62	<0.10		<0.01
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NO	x) by Discrete Ana	lyser						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L		0.64	<0.10		<0.01
EN055: Ionic Balance								
Total Anions		0.01	meq/L		29.3	45.4		24.4
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L		26.8	44.0		22.6
Ionic Balance		0.01	%		4.54	1.61		3.84
EN67 PK: Field Tests								
рН		0.1	pH Unit		6.9	6.8		7.4
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)		1	µS/cm		2190	3460		2050
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L		2.98	3.79		3.21
			-		!	!		



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Cli	ent sample ID	MD 9A	MD 9B	MD 9C	MD 10A	MD 10B
	C	lient sampl	ing date / time	30-MAY-2012 09:30	30-MAY-2012 09:32	30-MAY-2012 09:38	30-MAY-2012 09:07	30-MAY-2012 09:09
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1201520-011	EW1201520-012	EW1201520-013	EW1201520-014	EW1201520-015
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation		30.9	40.2		33.6
Temperature		0.1	°C		16.8	17.7		17.4
Salinity		0.2	g/L		1.4	2.2		1.2
Depth		0.01	m		0.85	0.89		0.64
Field Observations		0.01		DRY			DRY	
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC	;)							
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		41	94		51
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		39	94		50
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Analy	/ser							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L		<0.05	<0.05		<0.05



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	Rocklow Down	Rocklow Middle	Rocklow Up	Blank	
	Cli	ent sampli	ng date / time	30-MAY-2012 09:43	30-MAY-2012 09:21	30-MAY-2012 08:05	30-MAY-2012 08:13	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1201520-016	EW1201520-017	EW1201520-018	EW1201520-019	
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L		<1	<1		
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L		<1	<1		
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L		178	130		
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L		178	130		
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO	04 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L		681	153		
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L		6020	812		
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L				<1	
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L				<1	
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L				<1	
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L				<1	
ED093T: Total Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L		190	48		
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L		508	61		
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L		4800	500		
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L		180	20		
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L				<0.001	
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L				<0.05	
EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L		0.116	0.163		
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L		0.50	0.55		
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L		0.7	0.2		
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete A	nalyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L		1.06	<0.01		
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Anal	lyser							
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L		0.01	<0.01		
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Ana	llyser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L		0.13	<0.01		
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NO	x) by Discrete Ana	yser						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L		0.14	<0.01		
EN67 PK: Field Tests								



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Cli	ent sample ID	Rocklow Down	Rocklow Middle	Rocklow Up	Blank	
	Cl	ient sampli	ing date / time	30-MAY-2012 09:43	30-MAY-2012 09:21	30-MAY-2012 08:05	30-MAY-2012 08:13	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1201520-016	EW1201520-017	EW1201520-018	EW1201520-019	
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
рН		0.1	pH Unit		6.8	6.9		
Electrical Conductivity (Non		1	µS/cm		17600	2230		
Compensated)								
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L		7.77	13.6		
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation		79.4	124		
Temperature		0.1	°C		12.5	10.9		
Salinity		0.2	g/L		14.0	1.6		
Field Observations		0.01		NO ACCESS				
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC)								
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		8	9	<1	
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		8	9		
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Analyse	ər							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L		<0.05	<0.05		





**Environmental Division** 

	CER	TIFICATE OF ANALYSIS	
Work Order	EW1202214	Page	: 1 of 10
Amendment	: 1		
Client		Laboratory	: Environmental Division NSW South Coast
Contact	: MR PAUL CZULOWSKI	Contact	: Glenn Davies
Address	: 11 MANNING STREET	Address	: 99 Kenny Street, Wollongong 2500
	KIAMA NSW, AUSTRALIA 2533		Unit 4 / 13 Geary Place, PO Box 3105, North Nowra 2541 AUSTRALIA
E-mail	: paulc@kiama.nsw.gov.au	E-mail	: glenn.davies@alsglobal.com
Telephone	: +61 02 4232 0444	Telephone	: 02 4225 3125
Facsimile	: +61 02 4232 0555	Facsimile	: 02 4225 3128
Project	: Minnamurra Landfill	QC Level	: NEPM 1999 Schedule B(3) and ALS QCS3 requirement
Order number	:		
C-O-C number	:	Date Samples Received	: 09-AUG-2012
Sampler	: Craig Wilson	Issue Date	: 29-AUG-2012
Site	:		
		No. of samples received	: 19
Quote number	: Minnamurra Landfill WL/083/11	No. of samples analysed	: 19

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

Accredited for compliance with

ISO/IEC 17025.

- General Comments
- Analytical Results



NATA Accredited Laboratory 825	Signatories
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This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories indicated below. Electronic signing has been carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Ashesh Patel	Inorganic Chemist	Sydney Inorganics
Celine Conceicao	Senior Spectroscopist	Sydney Inorganics
Glenn Davies	Environmental Services Representative	Laboratory - Wollongong
Sarah Millington	Senior Inorganic Chemist	Sydney Inorganics

Address 99 Kenny Street, Wollongong 2500

Environmental Division NSW South Ceases Rears Place 36 Bas Rates New Market ALS Company



www.alsglobal.com

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#### **General Comments**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Key : CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society. LOR = Limit of reporting ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

- ED041G:LOR raised for SO4 analysis on various samples due to sample matrix.
- EG020-T: Unpreserved aliquots from natural bottles were used in the analysis of samples 17 and 18.
- EK055G: LOR raised for Ammonia on sample ID (MD 2C) due to sample matrix.
- EP002: It has been noted that DOC is greater than TOC for sample ID's 'MD 6B' and 'MD 9C', however, these differences are within the limits of experimental variation.
- Sites MD1B & Rocklow Down No Access at time of sampling Sites MD2A, MD6A, MD9A and MD10A - Only depth reading taken due to insufficent water in bore at time of sampling. Site MD4A - Dry at time of sampling
- This report has been amended following the change of Conductivity and Dissolved Oxygen results. All other analysis results are as per the previous report.



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	MD 1B	MD 2A	MD 2B	MD 2C	MD 4A
	Cl	ient sampli	ng date / time	09-AUG-2012 09:48	09-AUG-2012 08:03	09-AUG-2012 08:13	09-AUG-2012 08:23	09-AUG-2012 08:23
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1202214-001	EW1202214-002	EW1202214-003	EW1202214-004	EW1202214-005
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L			<1	<1	
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L			48	3	
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L			752	525	
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L			801	528	
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SO4	4 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L			964	2060	
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L			6640	15200	
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L			376	425	
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L			499	989	
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L			3260	9050	
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L			170	367	
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								•
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L			0.067	0.161	
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L			0.28	0.16	
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L			0.7	0.6	
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete An	nalyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L			16.0	<0.10	
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Analy	/ser							
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L			<0.01	<0.01	
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Analy	vser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L			3.68	1.91	
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NOx	) bv Discrete Ana	lvser						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L			3.68	1.91	
EN055: Ionic Balance								
Total Anions		0.01	meq/L			223	482	
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L			206	506	
Ionic Balance		0.01	%			4.06	2.36	
EN67 PK: Field Tests								
рН		0.1	pH Unit			7.3	7.2	
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)		1	μS/cm			16200	32500	
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L			2.48	4.50	



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Cli	ent sample ID	MD 1B	MD 2A	MD 2B	MD 2C	MD 4A
	Ci	lient sampl	ing date / time	09-AUG-2012 09:48	09-AUG-2012 08:03	09-AUG-2012 08:13	09-AUG-2012 08:23	09-AUG-2012 08:23
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1202214-001	EW1202214-002	EW1202214-003	EW1202214-004	EW1202214-005
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation			23.8	44.8	
Temperature		0.1	°C			14.5	14.8	
Salinity		0.2	g/L			12.1	25.8	
Depth		0.01	m		0.60	0.76	0.83	
Field Observations		0.01		No Access				DRY
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC	)							
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L			36	19	
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L			37	19	
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Analy	ser							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L			<0.05	<0.05	



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	MD 4B	MD 4C	MD 6A	MD 6B	MD 6C
	Cli	ient sampli	ng date / time	09-AUG-2012 08:33	09-AUG-2012 08:43	09-AUG-2012 07:44	09-AUG-2012 07:54	09-AUG-2012 07:59
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1202214-006	EW1202214-007	EW1202214-008	EW1202214-009	EW1202214-010
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L	<1	<1		<1	<1
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L	<1	29		<1	<1
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L	808	842		750	416
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L	808	871		750	416
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SC	04 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L	242	1510		191	1280
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L	1260	10800		238	8800
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L	256	423		203	363
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L	132	773		72	550
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L	680	6730		120	4720
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L	107	299		47	172
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L	0.045	0.243		0.191	0.071
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L	0.22	0.25		0.17	0.05
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L	0.4	0.6		0.4	0.4
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete A	nalyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L	36.0	2.37		17.2	39.0
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Ana	lyser							
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L	<0.01	0.01		0.02	<0.01
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Ana	alyser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L	3.92	1.27		0.50	0.42
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NO	x) by Discrete Ana	lyser						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L	3.92	1.28		0.52	0.42
EN055: Ionic Balance								
Total Anions		0.01	meq/L	56.7	354		25.7	283
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L	56.0	385			273
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L				23.7	
Ionic Balance		0.01	%	0.68	4.27			1.83
Ionic Balance		0.01	%				4.05	
EN67 PK: Field Tests								
рН		0.1	pH Unit	7.3	7.1		6.9	7.1



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Cli	ent sample ID	MD 4B	MD 4C	MD 6A	MD 6B	MD 6C
	Ci	ient sampli	ing date / time	09-AUG-2012 08:33	09-AUG-2012 08:43	09-AUG-2012 07:44	09-AUG-2012 07:54	09-AUG-2012 07:59
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1202214-006	EW1202214-007	EW1202214-008	EW1202214-009	EW1202214-010
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
Electrical Conductivity (Non		1	µS/cm	4360	24300		1860	20700
Compensated)								
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L	2.53	3.51		3.64	3.50
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation	25.0	34.8		36.0	34.8
Temperature		0.1	°C	14.3	14.3		15.6	16.8
Salinity		0.2	g/L	3.0	19.0		1.2	15.0
Depth		0.01	m	1.22	1.26	1.32	1.33	1.48
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC)								
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L	48	31		34	13
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L	49	32		33	14
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Analyse	er							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L	<0.05	<0.05		<0.05	<0.05



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	MD 9A	MD 9B	MD 9C	MD 10A	MD 10B
	Cli	ient sampli	ng date / time	09-AUG-2012 09:00	09-AUG-2012 09:09	09-AUG-2012 09:15	09-AUG-2012 09:20	09-AUG-2012 09:28
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1202214-011	EW1202214-012	EW1202214-013	EW1202214-014	EW1202214-015
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L		<1	<1		<1
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L		17	<1		63
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L		876	1170		751
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L		893	1170		814
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as SC	04 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L		82	<10		75
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L		287	683		258
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L		156	200		113
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L		83	97		50
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L		232	286		136
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L		80	113		85
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L		0.175	0.727		0.214
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L		0.43	1.77		0.13
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L		0.6	0.3		0.9
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete A	nalyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L		31.5	82.8		72.8
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Anal	lyser							
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L		<0.01	<0.01		<0.01
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Ana	alyser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L		0.63	0.17		0.07
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NO	x) by Discrete Ana	lyser						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L		0.63	0.17		0.07
EN055: Ionic Balance								
Total Anions		0.01	meq/L		27.6	42.6		25.1
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L		26.8			
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L			39.2		23.0
Ionic Balance		0.01	%		1.64			
Ionic Balance		0.01	%			4.16		4.37
EN67 PK: Field Tests								
рН		0.1	pH Unit		7.0	6.9		7.3



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Cli	ent sample ID	MD 9A	MD 9B	MD 9C	MD 10A	MD 10B
	Ci	lient sampl	ing date / time	09-AUG-2012 09:00	09-AUG-2012 09:09	09-AUG-2012 09:15	09-AUG-2012 09:20	09-AUG-2012 09:28
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1202214-011	EW1202214-012	EW1202214-013	EW1202214-014	EW1202214-015
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
Electrical Conductivity (Non		1	µS/cm		1960	3180		1880
Compensated)								
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L		3.11	2.98		2.42
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation		32.0	28.7		24.0
Temperature		0.1	°C		14.4	14.8		15.3
Salinity		0.2	g/L		1.3	2.1		1.2
Depth		0.01	m	0.75	0.88	0.97	0.62	0.64
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC)								
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		36	97		51
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		37	93		51
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Analys	er							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L		<0.05	<0.05		<0.05



Sub-Matrix: WATER		Clie	ent sample ID	Rocklow Down	Rocklow Middle	Rocklow Up	Blank	
	Cli	ient sampli	ng date / time	09-AUG-2012 08:51	09-AUG-2012 08:59	09-AUG-2012 15:00	09-AUG-2012 15:00	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1202214-016	EW1202214-017	EW1202214-018	EW1202214-019	
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L		<1	<1		
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L		<1	<1		
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L		194	144		
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3		1	mg/L		194	144		
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as S0	O4 2- by DA							
Sulfate as SO4 - Turbidimetric	14808-79-8	1	mg/L		874	312		
ED045G: Chloride Discrete analyser								
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L		6710	2060		
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L				<1	
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L				<1	
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L				<1	
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L				<1	
ED093T: Total Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L		154	78		
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L		407	141		
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L		3080	1110		
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L		127	43		
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L				<0.001	
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L				<0.05	
EG020T: Total Metals by ICP-MS								
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L		0.152	0.245		
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L		0.36	1.12		
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L		0.7	0.3		
EK055G: Ammonia as N by Discrete A	Analyser							
Ammonia as N	7664-41-7	0.01	mg/L		1.91	0.04		
EK057G: Nitrite as N by Discrete Ana	llyser							
Nitrite as N		0.01	mg/L		0.02	<0.01		
EK058G: Nitrate as N by Discrete Ana	alyser							
Nitrate as N	14797-55-8	0.01	mg/L		0.26	0.14		
EK059G: Nitrite plus Nitrate as N (NO	() () by Dis <u>crete Ana</u>	lyser _						
Nitrite + Nitrate as N		0.01	mg/L		0.28	0.14		
EN67 PK: Field Tests								

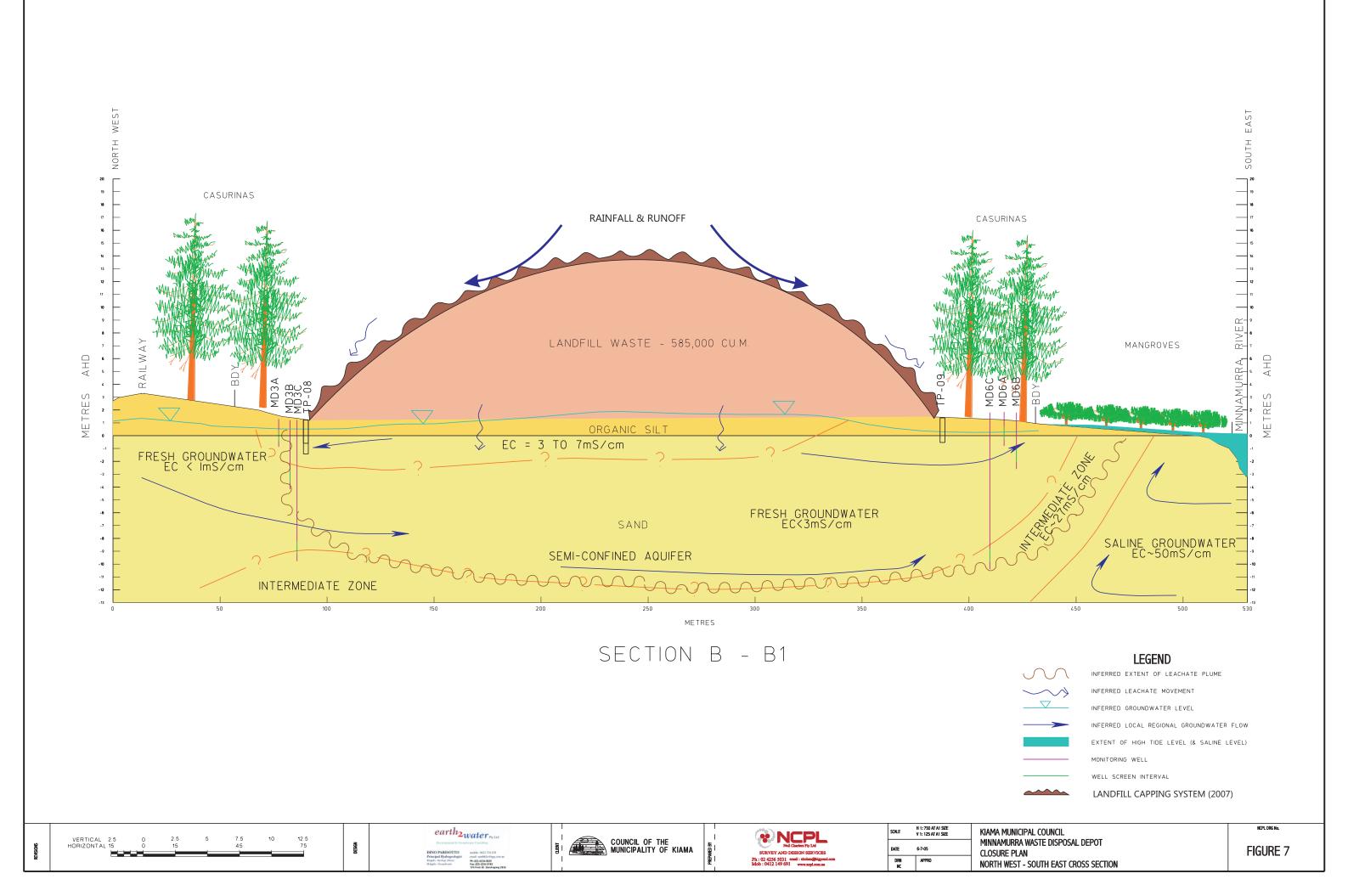


Sub-Matrix: WATER		Cli	ent sample ID	Rocklow Down	Rocklow Middle	Rocklow Up	Blank	
	Ci	ient sampli	ing date / time	09-AUG-2012 08:51	09-AUG-2012 08:59	09-AUG-2012 15:00	09-AUG-2012 15:00	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EW1202214-016	EW1202214-017	EW1202214-018	EW1202214-019	
EN67 PK: Field Tests - Continued								
рН		0.1	pH Unit		6.9	7.3		
Electrical Conductivity (Non Compensated)		1	µS/cm		18100	4980		
Dissolved Oxygen		0.01	mg/L		10.8	10.9		
Dissolved Oxygen - % Saturation		0.1	% saturation		105	106		
Temperature		0.1	°C		12.3	11.5		
Salinity		0.2	g/L		14.5	3.7		
Field Observations		0.01		No Access				
EP002: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC)								
Dissolved Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		9	9	<1	
EP005: Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								
Total Organic Carbon		1	mg/L		9	9		
EP035G: Total Phenol by Discrete Analys	er							
Phenols (Total)		0.05	mg/L		<0.05	<0.05		



# Appendix B

 $-e_2W$ 





## Appendix C

 $-e_2W$ 

## LANDFILL GAS MONITORING

GAS 1	Site Entrance					
GAS 2	40m South of Landfill					
GAS 3	Carpark South of Landfill					
GAS 4	Next to Secondhand Shop					
GAS 5	Landfill West Bank, Bench					
GAS 6	Landfill West Bank, Bund Wall					
TRENCH 1	West Bank					
TRENCH 2	North Bank West Side					
TRENCH 3	North Bank Middle					
TRENCH 4	South Bank Side					
TRENCH 5	East Bank Side					
TRENCH 6	North Bank East Side					
TRENCH 7	Lower Level South Side					

			LEL PPM				
			N	1AX	ST/	ABLE	
WELL ID	DATE	TIME	LEL%	PPM	LEL%	PPM	COMMENTS
Trench 4	25-Jan-11	13:10		4,700		900	Good readings
Trench 1	25-Jan-11	13:15		700		220	
Trench 2	25-Jan-11	13:20		370		100	
Trench 3	25-Jan-11	13:25		480		120	
Trench 6	25-Jan-11	13:30		400		110	
Trench 5	25-Jan-11	13:35		270		180	
Trench 7	25-Jan-11	13:40		1,000		380	
Gas 1	25-Jan-11	13:45		240		180	
Gas 2	25-Jan-11	13:50		300		190	
Gas 3	25-Jan-11	13:55		590		390	
Gas 5	25-Jan-11						
Gas 4	25-Jan-11	14:00		500		470	
Gas 6	25-Jan-11						
Trench 4	31-Mar-11	8:05		2,100		780	Windy Conditions
Trench 1	31-Mar-11	8:10		560		200	
Trench 2	31-Mar-11	8:15		210		120	
Trench 3	31-Mar-11	8:20		440		100	
Trench 6	31-Mar-11	8:25		400		110	
Trench 5	31-Mar-11	8:30		430		200	
Trench 7	31-Mar-11	8:35		690		370	

Gas 1	31-Mar-11	8:45		370	210	
Gas 2	31-Mar-11	8:50		300	200	
Gas 3	31-Mar-11	8:55		580	320	
Gas 5	31-Mar-11					
Gas 4	31-Mar-11	9:05		240	150	
Gas 6	31-Mar-11					
Trench 4	30-Jun-11	8:00		4,900	800	Good readings
Trench 1	30-Jun-11	8:05		1,000	190	
Trench 2	30-Jun-11	8:10		800	210	
Trench 3	30-Jun-11	8:15		1,100	280	
Trench 6	30-Jun-11	8:25		500	260	
Trench 5	30-Jun-11	8:30		810	340	
Trench 7	30-Jun-11	8:35		1,410	800	Slight increase
Gas 1	30-Jun-11	8:45		400	280	Good readings
Gas 2	30-Jun-11	8:50		210	190	
Gas 3	30-Jun-11	8:55		240	300	
Gas 5	30-Jun-11					
Gas 4	30-Jun-11	9:00		500	200	
Gas 6	30-Jun-11					
						Started LEL % from inside trench pipe
Trench 4	11-Oct-11	9:30	100	5,300	980	Good Readings
Trench 1	11-Oct-11	9:35	62	1,180	580	Good Readings
Trench 2	11-Oct-11	9:40	100	900	210	
Trench 3	11-Oct-11	9:45	100	5,100	510	Small pocket found
Trench 6	11-Oct-11	9:50	100	510	120	Good Readings
Trench 5	11-Oct-11	9:55	100	1,200	250	Slight increase
Trench 7	11-Oct-11	10:00	100	1,600	600	Good Readings
Gas 1	11-Oct-11	10:10		380	200	
Gas 2	11-Oct-11	10:15		200	170	
Gas 3	11-Oct-11	10:20		220	170	
Gas 5	11-Oct-11			-		
Gas 4	11-Oct-11	10:30		470	200	
Gas 6	11-Oct-11					
		10:40		0	0	All Buildings no reading at all
Weighbridge	11-Oct-11	10.40				
Weighbridge Cleaning Shed	11-Oct-11 11-Oct-11	10:40		0	0	
				0	0 0	

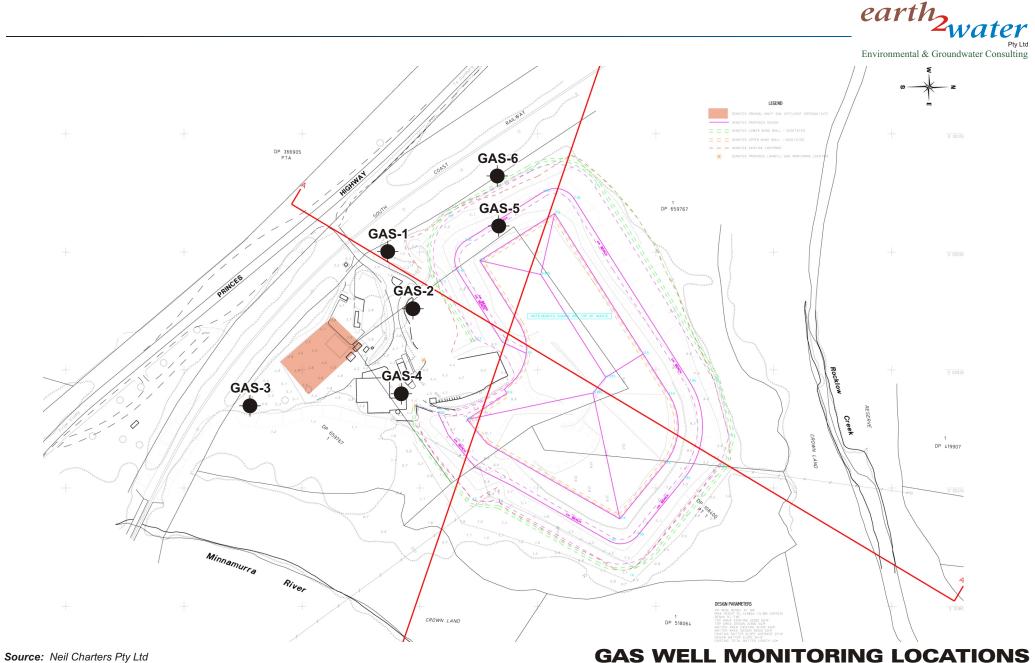
Ute Shed	11-Oct-11	11:00		0	0	
CALIBRATE	D WITH S	PAN GAS	:			

### LANDFILL GAS MONITORING

GAS 1	Site Entrance						
GAS 2	40m South of Landfill						
GAS 3	Carpark South of Landfill						
GAS 4	Next to Secondhand Shop						
GAS 5	Landfill West Bank, Bench						
GAS 6	Landfill West Bank, Bund Wall						
TRENCH 1	West Bank						
TRENCH 2	North Bank West Side						
TRENCH 3	North Bank Middle						
TRENCH 4	South Bank Side						
TRENCH 5	East Bank Side						
TRENCH 6	North Bank East Side						
TRENCH 7	Lower Level South Side						

			1	LEL	PPM				
		ТІМЕ	N	IAX	STABLE				
WELL ID	DATE		LEL%	PPM	LEL%	PPM	COMMENTS		
Trench 4	2-Feb-12	10:00	100	4,700		890	Good readings		
French 1	2-Feb-12	10:05	100	1,100		600			
Trench 2	2-Feb-12	10:10		1,200		250			
Trench 3	2-Feb-12	10:15	100	3,500		620			
Trench 6	2-Feb-12	10:20		700		200			
Trench 5	2-Feb-12	10:20	100	1,100		250			
Trench 7	2-Feb-12	10:23	100	1,550		470			
Gas 1	2-Feb-12	10:35	100	370		200			
Gas 2	2-Feb-12	10:35		210		160			
Gas 3	2-Feb-12 2-Feb-12	10:40		210		180			
		10:45		200		180			
Gas 5	2-Feb-12	10.55		450					
Gas 4	2-Feb-12	10:55		450		210			
Gas 6	2-Feb-12								
French 4	23-Apr-12	9:15	100	4,000		520	Damp Conditions		
Trench 1	23-Apr-12	9:13	100	760		190			
Trench 2	23-Apr-12 23-Apr-12	9:20 9:30	100	590		190			
	23-Apr-12 23-Apr-12	9:30 9:40	100	1,900		100			
French 3		9:40 9:45	100						
French 6	23-Apr-12		05	400		120			
French 5	23-Apr-12	9:50	95	700		240			
French 7	23-Apr-12	9:55	95	690		290			
Gas 1	23-Apr-12 23-Apr-12	10:00 10:05		290 300		180			
Gas 2		10:05				200			
Gas 3	23-Apr-12	10:10		300		290			
Gas 5 Gas 4	23-Apr-12 23-Apr-12	10:20		210		150			
Gas 6	23-Apr-12	10.20		210		150			
343 0	23-Api-12								
Trench 4	17-Jul-12		100	4,800		770	Good readings		
	17-Jul-12		100	1,000		190			
French 1 French 2	17-Jul-12 17-Jul-12		100	800		210			
French 3	17-Jul-12 17-Jul-12		100	4,800		280	Small Pocket		
Trench 6	17-Jul-12		87	660		260			
Trench 5	17-Jul-12		100	990		340			
Trench 7	17-Jul-12		100	1,380		800			
Gas 1	17-Jul-12		100	310		250			
Gas 2	17-Jul-12			280		200			
Gas 3	17-Jul-12			200		200			
Gas 5	17-Jul-12			270		240			
Gas 4	17-Jul-12			490		190			
Gas 6	17-Jul-12			470		170			
343 0	17-Jui-12								
French 4	25-Oct-12	13:20	100	5,000		810	Good Readings		
French 1	25-Oct-12	13:25	100	1,080		470			
French 2	25-Oct-12	13:40	69	810	1	230			
French 3	25-Oct-12	13:50	100	2,000	1	600			
French 6	25-Oct-12	13:55	89	790	1	220			
French 5	25-Oct-12	14:00	100	1,000		380			
Trench 7	25-Oct-12	14:05	100	1,350	1	470			
Gas 1	25-Oct-12	14:15		320		210			
Gas 2	25-Oct-12	14:20	1	200	1	190			
Gas 3	25-Oct-12	14:25	Ī	240		170			
Gas 5	25-Oct-12		Ī						
Gas 4	25-Oct-12	14:30	l l	480	1	200			
Gas 6	25-Oct-12		1		1		T		
	25-Oct-12	12:30		0		0	All Buildings no reading at all		
Weighbridge		12:40		0		0			
Weighbridge Cleaning Shed	25-Oct-12	12.40		0		-			
	25-Oct-12 25-Oct-12	12:40		0		0			
Cleaning Shed							и и и и и и и и и и и и и и		

CALIBRATED WITH SPAN GAS:



**GAS WELL MONITORING LOCATIONS** 

**KIAMA MUNICIPAL COUNCIL - MINNAMURRA LANDFILL** 

Date: 7 August 2006 Reference: E2W\_047\_10.cdr